

AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS, IRELAND.

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T A B L E S

SHOWING THE

EXTENT IN STATUTE ACRES

AND THE

PRODUCE OF THE CROPS

FOR THE YEAR

1881,

WITH

OBSERVATIONS

OF THE

SUB-INSPECTORS OF THE ROYAL IRISH CONSTABULARY AND OF THE  
INSPECTORS OF THE METROPOLITAN POLICE,  
WHO ACTED AS SUPERINTENDENTS OF THE AGRICULTURAL STATISTICIAN.

Presented to both Houses of Parliament by Command of Her Majesty.



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## CONTENTS.

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INTRODUCTORY REMARKS,	Page 3
TABLE I.—Average Extent under Crops for the 10 years 1871–1880; the Extent in 1880 and 1881; the Increase or Decrease in 1881 compared with 1880, and the Difference in Extent between the Average of the 10 years 1871–1880, and Extent in 1881, . . . . .	4
“ II.—Showing Average Rate of Produce per Acre for the 10 years 1871–1880; the Average Rate for 1880 and 1881; the Increase or Decrease in the Rate for each Crop in 1881 compared with 1880, and the Rate in 1881 compared with the Average Rate for the 10 years 1871–1880, . . . . .	4
“ III.—Showing the Average Yearly Amount of Produce for the 10 years 1871–1880; the Produce in 1880 and 1881; the Increase or Decrease in 1881 compared with 1880; and the amount of Produce of each Crop in 1881, above or below the average amount for the 10 years 1871–1880, . . . . .	5
 SUMMARY TABLES. 	
TABLE I.—The Extent of Land under Crops in 1881 by Counties and Provinces, . . . . .	6
“ II.—The Produce of the Crops in 1881 by Counties and Provinces, . . . . .	8
“ III.—The Extent of Land under Crops in 1881 by Poor Law Unions, . . . . .	10
“ IV.—The Produce of the Crops in 1881 by Poor Law Unions, . . . . .	14
OBSERVATIONS of Sub-Inspectors of Royal Irish Constabulary, and of Inspectors of the Metropolitan Police, on the probable cause of the good or bad yield of the Crops in each of their Districts, . . . . .	18

# AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS, IRELAND, 1881.

## THE EXTENT IN STATUTE ACRES AND THE PRODUCE OF THE CROPS:

WITH

## OBSERVATIONS

OF THE

SUB-INPECTORS OF THE ROYAL IRISH CONSTABULARY AND OF THE INSPECTORS  
OF THE METROPOLITAN POLICE,  
WHO ACTED AS SUPERINTENDENTS OF THE AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS, IN THE YEAR 1881.

TO HIS EXCELLENCY THOMAS FRANCIS DE GREY, EARL COWPER, K.G.

LORD LIEUTENANT-GENERAL AND GENERAL GOVERNOR OF IRELAND,  
&c. &c. &c.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR EXCELLENCE,

In accordance with your Excellency's commands, I have the honour, in anticipation of the Annual Detailed Report on the Agricultural Statistics of Ireland for the year 1881, to present this Preliminary Statement, giving an Abstract of the particulars respecting the yield of the more important crops in Ireland.

The acreage under crops published in the "General Abstracts" has been carefully revised, so that the following Tables are as approximately correct as can be expected in returns of this description.

Preliminary Abstracts similar to the present were annually prepared up to the year 1875, when they were discontinued. The advantages of having early information concerning the general results of the harvest in an easily available form, and the inconvenience of having the publication of the general results delayed until all the details were elaborated are too obvious to require any remark.

In the Annual Report for the year 1880 it was pointed out that the result of the harvest of that year was far in excess of the average, and had been the most plentiful for many years. The results for the year 1881 are almost as good as those for the preceding year. A reference to the tables and analysis of the figures shows that the decrease in the average yield of the cereal crops is fractional; there is an increase in the average yield of potatoes, with some falling off in turnips and mangel, but in few cases has the average fallen below that of the past ten years, there being a small decrease in barley, with more important but not very large decreases in bere and rye, these two latter being but unimportant crops in Ireland.

It will also be observed that in several important crops, although the total acreage under the crops was below average, the total yield was above average, especially in wheat, oats, and potatoes. Thus, Ireland has had two unusually bountiful harvests in succession.

The acreage under crops in 1881, as compared with 1880, shows, in cereal crops, an increase in wheat of 5,056 acres, in oats of 11,384 acres, and decrease in barley of 7,923 acres. In green crops—potatoes increased by 34,642 acres, and turnips decreased by 7,483 acres. In other crops—flax decreased by 10,395 acres, mangold wurzel increased by 3,328 acres, and hay by 22,204 acres. But compared with the average acreage for the ten years, 1871-1880, there is a decrease in 1881 of 13,959 acres under wheat, of 90,988 acres under oats, and of 17,768 acres under barley, of 45,769 acres under potatoes, and of 36,295 under turnips; while there is an increase of 20,171 acres under flax, of 2,638 acres under mangold wurzel, and of 111,544 acres under hay.

The crops which show an increased average produce per acre in 1881, compared with 1880, are—rye 0·2 cwt., potatoes 0·4 ton, and flax 4·9 stones. The crops which give a decrease in the average yield are—wheat 0·1 cwt., barley 0·1 cwt., bere 0·2 cwt., turnips 1·4 ton, and mangold wurzel 1·2 tons. The average produce in 1881, compared with the

## AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS, IRELAND.

average of the ten years, 1871-1880, shows an increase of 1·2 cwt. in wheat, of 1·0 cwt. in oats, of 1·0 ton in potatoes, 0·4 ton in turnips, and of 4·8 stones in flax; while there is a decrease of 0·2 cwt. in barley, of 1·0 cwt. in bere, and of 1·1 cwt. in rye.

The produce in 1881, as compared with 1880, shows, in cereal crops, an increase in wheat of 69,414 cwts., in oats of 144,604 cwts., and in rye of 6,986 cwts.; there is a decrease in barley of 117,526 cwts. In green crops, potatoes increased by 447,734 tons, hay by 194,831 tons, and flax by 2,800 tons; turnips decreased by 518,742 tons, and mangel wursel by 2,629 tons.

TABLE I.—Showing the average yearly Extent of Land under Crops in the ten years, 1871-80; the extent in 1880 and 1881; the Increase or Decrease in each crop in 1881 compared with 1880; and the extent in 1881 above or below the average for the ten years 1871-80.

Crops.	Average yearly extent in the ten years, 1871-1880.	Extent in 1880.		Extent in 1881.		Increase or Decrease in 1881 compared with 1880.		Difference in extent between average of 10 years, 1871-1880, and extent in 1881.	
						Increase.	Decrease.	Above.	Below.
		Statute Acres.	Statute Acres.	Statute Acres.	Statute Acres.	Statute Acres.	Statute Acres.	Statute Acres.	Statute Acres.
Wheat,	167,733	148,768	153,794	5,026	-	-	-	13,959	
Oats,	1,484,205	1,381,913	1,303,312	11,384	-	-	-	90,383	
Barley,	237,556	215,016	210,093	-	7,973	-	-	17,763	
Bere and Rye,	10,907	7,638	8,063	394	-	-	-	1,946	
Potatoes,	901,062	820,081	855,938	34,877	-	-	-	45,779	
Turnips,	351,437	303,695	206,212	-	7,483	-	-	36,225	
Mangel Wursel and Beet Root,	42,200	41,515	44,828	3,323	-	-	-	2,638	
Flax,	130,974	137,540	147,145	10,305	-	-	-	20,171	
Hay,	1,880,480	1,000,825	2,001,039	92,204	-	-	-	111,544	

The produce in 1881, compared with the average produce of the ten years, 1871-1880, shows, in cereal crops, an increase in wheat of 1,662 cwts., and in oats of 207,375 cwts. There is a decrease in barley of 331,673 cwts., and in rye of 26,666 cwts. In other crops in 1881, compared with the average, there is an increase of 745,081 tons in potatoes, of 38,060 tons in mangel wursel, of 236,452 tons in hay, and of 7,638 tons in flax, but there is a decrease of 831,902 tons in turnips.

TABLE II.—Showing the Average Rate of Produce per Acre for the 10 years 1871-1880, the Average Rate for 1880 and 1881; the Increase or Decrease in the Rate for each crop in 1881 compared with 1880, and the Rate in 1881 compared with the Average Rate for the 10 years 1871-1880.

Crops.	Average Rate of Produce per acre for the 10 years 1871-1880.	Average Rate of Produce per acre in 1880.		Average Rate of Produce per acre in 1881.		Increase or Decrease in 1881 compared with 1880.		Rate of Produce in 1881 compared with average Rate of the 10 years 1871-1880.	
						Increase.	Decrease.	Above.	Below.
		in Cwts.	in £. <sup>sd.</sup>	in Cwts.	in £. <sup>sd.</sup>	£. <sup>sd.</sup>	£. <sup>sd.</sup>	£. <sup>sd.</sup>	£. <sup>sd.</sup>
Wheat, in Cwts.,	13·7	15·0	14·9	-	-	0·1	-	1·2	-
Oats,	13·1	14·2	14·1	-	-	0·1	-	1·0	-
Barley,	16·0	15·6	15·6	-	-	-	-	-	0·2
Bere,	15·5	14·7	14·5	-	-	0·2	-	-	1·0
Rye,	11·6	10·8	10·5	0·2	-	-	-	-	1·1
Potatoes, in Tons,	3·0	3·6	4·0	0·4	-	-	-	1·0	-
Turnips,	12·5	14·3	12·9	-	-	1·4	-	0·4	-
Mangel Wursel and Beet Root in Tons,	13·4	14·6	13·4	-	-	1·2	-	-	-
Flax in Stones of 14 lbs.,	26·0	25·9	20·8	4·0	-	-	-	4·6	-
Hay in Tons,	2·0	2·0	2·0	-	-	-	-	-	-

TABLE III.—Showing the Average yearly amount of Produce for the 10 years 1871–1880, the Produce in 1880 and 1881; the Increase or Decrease in 1881 compared with 1880; and the amount of Produce of each Crop in 1881, above or below the Average Amount for the 10 years 1871–1880.

Crops	Average yearly Amount of Produce for the 10 years 1871– 1880	Produce in 1880.	Produce in 1881.	Increase or Decrease in 1881 compared with 1880.		The Produce in 1881 compared with average Produce of 10 years 1871– 1880.	
				Increase.	Decrease.	Above.	Below.
				Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.
Wheat,	2,295,469	2,227,717	2,267,131	69,414	.	1,642	.
Oats,	19,695,699	19,558,470	19,305,074	144,624	.	207,375	.
Barley,	3,646,583	3,416,413	3,326,916	.	117,536	.	331,673
Bere,	12,583	8,235	8,850	.	1,586	.	6,108
Rye,	106,612	72,950	79,544	6,986	.	.	26,066
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Potatoes,	2,688,513	2,885,859	3,433,593	447,734	.	746,081	.
Turnips,	4,152,846	4,333,685	3,820,946	.	515,742	.	331,901
Mangel Wurzel and Beet Root,	603,783	604,421	601,792	.	2,629	35,060	.
Flax,	20,552	25,532	28,302	2,800	.	7,680	.
Hay,	3,733,382	3,706,000	3,986,834	194,831	.	230,453	.

Tables showing the extent under Crops by Counties and Provinces, and by Poor Law Unions, will be found at pp. 6, 10. Tables showing the produce of the Crops by Counties and Provinces, and by Poor Law Unions, at pp. 8, 14.

The usual Annual Report is in course of preparation, and will be presented in due course.

I have the honour to remain,

Your Excellency's faithful servant,

THOS. W. GRIMSHAW,

*Registrar-General.*

GENERAL REGISTER OFFICE,

CHARLEMONT HOUSE, DUBLIN,  
January 25th, 1882.

TABLE I.—SHOWING, BY COUNTIES AND PROVINCES, THE TOTAL

COUNTIES,	CROPS, TURNIPS, AND PEAS.									EXTENT UNDER CROPS	
	Wheat	Rye	Barley	Mais	Rye	Barley	Potato	Total	Potato	Rye	
	Acre.	Acre.	Acre.	Acre.	Acre.	Acre.	Acre.	Acre.	Acre.	Acre.	
ANTRIM, . . . . .	4,442	70,618	4,283	2	27	3,275	109	34,779	48,027	8,471	
ARMAGH, . . . . .	7,081	59,103	358	7	28	454	55	61,933	56,100	7,739	
CARLOW, . . . . .	3,669	59,205	3,285	4	-	1	4	29,895	5,830	4,972	
Cavan, . . . . .	373	46,305	26	16	14	11	2	47,258	20,815	3,915	
CLARE, . . . . .	2,587	18,208	1,207	6	815	487	7	21,442	21,081	4,694	
CORK, . . . . .	94,07	181,083	22,013	14	222	10	11	149,818	65,780	33,784	
DONEGAL, . . . . .	671	53,969	3,008	13	649	225	103	57,848	45,005	14,737	
DONEGAL, . . . . .	52,965	190,094	635	14	169	864	16	186,774	55,068	16,863	
DUBLIN, . . . . .	3,089	14,973	2,163	9	23	15	63	22,823	3,831	3,048	
FERMANAGH, . . . . .	379	22,269	83	97	126	88	11	24,798	16,379	1,897	
GALWAY, . . . . .	3,645	24,822	8,524	10	1,149	12	109	64,774	54,832	13,307	
KERRY, . . . . .	1,022	27,523	4,125	20	443	9	1	81,569	81,178	4,739	
KILKENNY, . . . . .	4,155	24,206	18,638	18	143	1	2	42,122	8,346	11,615	
KILMARNOCK, . . . . .	11,343	83,873	17,443	65	-	1	1	63,332	18,386	8,843	
KILDARE, . . . . .	1,637	23,692	18,437	48	358	1	-	49,563	12,553	9,882	
LONDONDERRY, . . . . .	364	13,755	17	8	199	3	-	14,246	16,329	543	
LORRAINE, . . . . .	7,017	52,508	2,069	19	115	2	8	52,706	24,176	8,603	
LOUTH, . . . . .	1,817	24,688	8,035	18	147	429	89	70,987	34,437	10,480	
LIMERICK, . . . . .	307	18,576	29	15	131	7	1	31,259	10,302	2,022	
LOUGH, and County of TOWN,	8,332	26,844	30,255	6	1	258	84	80,545	13,396	8,966	
MANES, . . . . .	3,646	40,850	1,003	38	1,066	2	38	67,313	48,728	8,497	
MARSH, . . . . .	3,318	30,966	1,044	3	36	12	6	37,378	12,711	7,943	
MONAGHAN, . . . . .	1,342	55,564	8,180	30	49	88	11	55,311	52,328	7,577	
QUEEN'S, . . . . .	4,419	25,114	21,298	56	99	8	53	40,435	14,006	11,348	
ROSCOMMON, . . . . .	462	28,325	270	6	345	3	2	29,302	26,361	4,545	
SALISBURY, . . . . .	324	22,307	807	-	125	-	-	22,304	22,485	3,562	
TIPPERARY, . . . . .	14,825	24,945	17,836	23	128	3	3	96,453	34,650	19,085	
TIGHEE, . . . . .	3,396	108,065	36	4	215	96	2	110,470	45,049	14,018	
WATERFORD, . . . . .	5,583	20,043	3,545	-	59	4	-	29,574	14,433	4,232	
WESTMEATH, . . . . .	147	22,837	427	3	34	8	2	32,473	11,371	4,818	
WEXFORD, . . . . .	7,833	45,765	45,155	6	34	8,463	42	164,382	22,081	17,018	
WICKLOW, . . . . .	3,307	26,260	1,192	1	1	8	8	26,304	11,374	8,020	
<b>PROVINCES,</b>											
LEINSTER, . . . . .	40,117	322,325	144,250	303	823	3,858	209	812,773	162,455	68,204	
MUNSTER, . . . . .	10,454	292,380	49,158	33	2,960	423	25	801,814	153,926	77,581	
ULSTER, . . . . .	40,181	643,485	8,638	124	1,035	4,000	501	610,822	214,322	99,015	
CONNACTICUT, . . . . .	8,072	161,168	7,001	15	3,043	18	294	202,889	171,079	26,382	
<b>Total,</b> . . . . .	153,754	1,810,322	903,963	474	7,585	30,584	1,819	1,717,375	883,583	205,212	

## EXTENT OF LAND UNDER CROPS.

7

## EXTENT OF LAND UNDER CROPS IN THE YEAR 1881.

IN STATUTE ACRES.

## OTHER CROPS.

Length of River or Canal. Miles.	Extent of River or Canal. Acres.	Cultiv. by Horses.	Vineyard.	Other Crops in Acres.	Total. Acres.	Fruit. Acres.	Hay. Acres.	Short grass Crops. Acres.	Meadow and Pasture. Acres.	Total extent under Crops. Acres.	COUNTRIES.	
											Acres.	Acres.
4,000	400	400	400	1,300	50,310	17,072	26	30,280	37,937	94,529	AUSTRIA.	
4,000	58	100	814	1,800	30,001	10,813	62	20,180	45,172	105,353	ARMENIA.	
4,000	107	840	94	222	11,168	-	8	4,000	31,215	76,944	CALIFORNIA.	
4,000	35	820	73	800	11,118	10,807	61	42,547	61,514	144,568	CANADA.	
9,000	180	1,370	26	400	35,180	63	6	15,400	35,336	141,654	CHINA.	
7,000	607	2,300	2,301	1,000	117,007	581	240	28,180	184,807	421,648	CHINA.	
7,000	54	1,000	370	1,070	67,370	11,844	38	17,400	28,000	210,488	CHINA.	
1,200	135	540	1,000	1,000	33,100	10,000	76	20,100	30,000	100,533	CHINA.	
6,000	293	996	28	1,000	13,670	-	44	17,818	30,000	98,724	CHINA.	
7,000	81	234	23	600	30,304	3,028	4	15,600	32,710	100,420	CHINA.	
3,131	82	1,384	928	1,100	57,028	45	2,000	154,725	81,845	230,603	CHINA.	
1,500	127	2,000	161	713	42,339	35	188	70,518	80,000	184,838	CHINA.	
1,441	127	348	118	678	25,400	-	45	65,371	80,000	120,641	CHINA.	
1,000	168	1,373	181	670	21,000	-	-	17,222	22,000	100,504	CHINA.	
1,749	127	413	162	812	20,017	9	362	59,444	80,000	111,720	CHINA.	
294	25	817	42	120	21,396	177	38	38,318	48,000	91,503	CHINA.	
1,527	294	1,000	35	866	43,301	11	28	50,384	114,204	190,688	CHINA.	
741	38	818	220	1,078	20,277	16,240	40	145,814	20,000	166,000	CHINA.	
480	44	800	81	472	17,400	256	58	16,000	27,000	74,308	CHINA.	
581	129	159	360	836	22,596	1,000	-	34,000	22,000	87,501	CHINA & TIBET.	
563	23	1,007	126	855	48,287	480	144	186,664	42,350	171,648	CHINA.	
1,484	292	125	86	1,146	25,377	127	149	60,461	84,854	143,334	CHINA.	
726	87	225	161	554	31,000	18,000	30	180,000	32,000	188,225	CHINA.	
3,145	126	427	69	672	21,025	-	725	41,000	32,000	120,621	CHINA.	
689	16	721	25	896	20,000	92	734	61,397	40,000	133,664	CHINA.	
368	23	735	136	440	27,040	56	43	54,000	34,000	90,004	CHINA.	
9,281	242	2,038	121	636	60,000	5	182	147,480	118,371	285,861	CHINA.	
684	60	675	644	1,000	61,186	23,000	27	185,400	86,000	321,588	CHINA.	
2,045	185	1,078	35	485	25,200	5	8	65,017	30,000	81,185	CHINA.	
1,537	193	407	81	633	20,118	6	216	45,285	34,000	87,545	CHINA.	
8,144	294	1,388	68	841	45,071	5	55	120,281	20,000	300,500	CHINA.	
777	77	406	26	428	30,420	-	120	45,285	34,000	187,449	CHINA.	
PROVINCES.												Total.
10,265	1,000	2,300	1,800	8,000	500,400	1,000	1,000	811,188	610,000	1,420,581	LATVIA.	
17,500	1,004	31,258	2,017	4,513	354,802	730	855	427,000	380,000	1,270,116	MOSCOW.	
6,730	460	4,507	4,071	10,000	420,000	140,000	271	1,077,786	601,771	1,270,480	PERM.	
6,905	194	8,100	810	1,376	220,000	864	5,115	427,000	327,548	794,500	SAMARIA.	
14,830	4,302	28,406	8,850	37,000	1,394,000	147,148	8,203	8,334,848	2,001,000	8,335,858	TOTAL.	

TABLE II.—SHOWING, BY COUNTIES AND PROVINCES, THE

COUNTIES.	PROVINCES.						
	CORN, BEANS, AND PEAS.						
	Wheat.	Rye.	Buckw.	Oats.	Ris.	Beans.	Pean.
ANTRIM,	72,285	1,811,420	20,543	23	481	54,655	1,109
ARMAGH,	182,487	722,581	3,545	187	433	1,982	480
CARLOW,	31,551	394,013	16,935	43	-	18	40
Cavan,	4,224	483,985	279	165	485	185	32
CLARE,	38,483	265,076	10,235	65	4,255	7,436	138
CORK,	804,028	1,821,515	325,436	236	2,929	163	185
DONEGAL,	8,287	1,117,191	23,836	118	6,297	4,028	1,280
DOWN,	338,981	1,058,337	8,203	322	1,501	10,948	1,487
DUBLIN,	159,443	978,265	41,448	75	807	804	1,491
FERDOROUGH,	8,077	266,318	214	266	3,038	694	172
GALWAY,	43,256	686,205	13,245	102	18,027	143	3,118
KERRY,	16,584	581,182	70,273	463	5,261	18	18
KILMARNOCK,	72,040	489,005	20,455	265	1,804	17	24
KILDARE,	172,388	667,508	20,574	1,064	-	7	18
KILDARE,	34,886	367,102	245,637	621	3,258	16	-
LIMERICK,	4,262	110,276	174	56	2,018	56	-
LONDONDERRY,	85,718	842,887	48,291	136	368	21	58
LOUTH,	36,113	1,135,801	48,291	392	4,714	3,128	1,180
MONMOUTHSHIRE,	8,745	268,327	480	176	2,500	114	8
NEWCASTLE and DURRANTHORPE, County of YORK.	80,778	891,643	204,285	289	68	7,968	738
MAYO,	14,494	628,125	17,747	457	17,387	51	819
MICHAELSTOWNE,	30,052	538,703	21,235	146	1,303	186	361
MONAGHAN,	10,314	602,112	22,180	827	563	740	212
QUEEN'S,	79,555	829,700	823,582	428	358	181	818
ROSCOMMON,	8,594	269,559	3,065	106	3,061	23	90
SLIGO,	8,079	246,505	31,066	-	1,803	-	-
TIPPERARY,	120,946	885,794	803,773	482	1,828	57	46
TRIMONT,	20,278	1,040,146	921	86	3,218	1,448	68
WATERFORD,	116,088	477,584	20,587	-	308	44	-
WESTMEATH,	1,967	264,676	6,182	36	479	96	13
WEXFORD,	81,936	589,203	612,000	146	479	67,962	400
WICKLOW,	11,584	487,862	20,315	15	14	32	57
PROVINCES.							
LEINSTER,	894,200	4,982,112	9,004,555	3,560	18,585	56,318	3,888
MUNSTER,	816,088	3,927,664	701,738	1,881	18,370	7,348	845
ULSTER,	804,155	8,080,993	132,858	1,882	18,603	18,813	7,068
CONSTITUTION,	74,978	2,473,512	103,584	187	24,807	525	9,489
Total,	2,387,531	18,370,874	8,206,338	6,080	73,545	181,868	15,791

## PRODUCE OF THE CROPS IN THE YEAR 1881.

OF THE CROPS.										COUNTIES.
		OTHER CROPS.								
Ploughed.	Sown.	Manured and Sown.	Green Fodder.	Gildings.	Vine.	Fruit.	Roots.	Grass and Cover.		
Bar.	Bar.	Bar.	Bar.	Bar.	Bar.	Bar.	Bar.	Bar.	Bar.	
291,023	293,744	8,246	962	2,242	10,414	157,875	125	135,349		ANTRIM.
125,228	124,081	8,721	338	1,148	10,379	47,845	103	96,371		ARMAGH.
55,366	57,581	10,148	1,620	4,358	100	-	5	57,381		CARLISLE.
61,238	47,000	8,652	267	7,982	616	104,584	427	122,255		CARLISLE.
61,791	48,563	26,147	1,536	27,443	292	1,456	24	16,907		CARLISLE.
265,042	496,322	106,345	6,413	25,092	21,080	16,219	1,182	294,292		CORK.
180,538	596,470	11,297	368	14,937	6,436	104,129	233	181,355		DOWN.
229,647	176,541	13,429	1,137	2,427	10,220	20,264	847	133,121		DUBLIN.
53,169	28,245	18,338	1,883	22,035	828	-	327	96,919		DUBLIN.
88,913	38,808	8,703	401	2,791	335	30,825	95	117,384		DUBLIN.
186,214	187,428	26,502	613	8,120	1,463	819	12,444	170,302		Galway.
105,093	56,785	26,101	1,962	16,437	621	958	1,069	160,871		KERRY.
33,357	161,007	18,318	1,205	9,216	471	-	284	194,357		KILDARE.
76,071	194,341	20,379	874	8,558	261	-	-	126,836		KILDARE.
85,227	181,028	16,227	1,981	3,674	821	37	3,903	82,871		KILDARE.
63,098	11,617	2,345	260	4,102	515	4,555	211	111,671		LIMERICK.
114,090	87,007	18,204	1,461	11,497	340	536	224	239,820		LIMERICK.
375,548	125,136	10,023	846	5,239	3,127	43,658	236	81,777		LONDONDERRY.
44,397	36,113	8,369	876	4,181	821	5,801	118	71,363		LONDONDERRY.
84,636	140,277	7,863	840	1,487	3,861	20,738	-	42,002		LOUTH and DUBLIN, County of Town.
211,442	180,945	7,821	828	30,666	1,031	13,922	1,185	87,137		MATO.
45,538	90,419	10,148	1,267	4,056	682	4,607	908	165,269		MONASTER.
48,022	70,055	7,538	260	1,006	9,436	448,618	828	62,407		MONASTER.
84,550	187,746	81,105	1,674	3,817	418	-	1,069	186,634		QUEEN'S.
103,266	162,845	8,123	153	7,743	114	2,053	2,023	142,448		QUEEN'S.
81,189	43,369	4,884	255	3,315	743	2,849	360	84,707		SCAIG.
133,080	289,748	53,874	1,963	26,864	3,294	81	407	221,415		TIPPERARY.
171,074	310,889	13,824	465	4,255	2,897	729,523	186	119,825		TRIM.
84,638	106,905	94,938	1,471	6,397	718	163	55	46,505		WATERFORD.
44,460	49,300	10,246	1,029	5,308	286	189	3,079	147,362		WATERFORD.
81,121	228,149	48,486	2,384	18,306	743	89	108	224,972		WEXFORD.
45,539	38,772	12,021	379	4,697	169	-	89	111,395		WICKLOW.
										PROVINCES.
675,625	1,388,000	224,261	23,655	50,258	18,357	59,029	8,366	1,265,502		Leinster.
890,376	984,536	247,145	34,900	52,729	29,385	22,171	1,037	1,165,451		MUNSTER.
1,302,295	1,347,925	81,245	4,896	64,707	47,947	4,025,645	2,075	1,621,018		ULSTER.
640,206	545,156	48,613	1,185	34,885	5,657	21,649	18,369	825,693		Connacht.
2,434,888	3,829,946	661,392	87,022	279,868	80,836	4,535,868	22,816	5,958,734		Total.

TABLE III.—SHOWING BY POOR LAW UNIONS THE

POOR LAW UNION.	EXTENT UNDER CROPS										
	CORN, BEANS, AND PEAS.										
	Wheat	Oats	Buckw.	Rye	Rye	Rye	Rye	Total	Peas	Beans	
	Acrea.	Acrea.	Acrea.	Acrea.	Acrea.	Acrea.	Acrea.	Acrea.	Acrea.	Acrea.	
ABBEYFIELD,	1,118	6,150	5,101	1	6	4	4	10,679	4,785	3,145	
ADAMSTOWN,	944	15,246	25	1	260	74	16,279	6,565	1,581		
ALDERSHOT,	1,730	15,586	4,259	4	267	52	16,275	5,234	6,147		
ALMERE,	8,305	25,146	31	5	272	45	32,213	12,045	4,871		
ALMERE,	319	8,116	58	6	12	+	9,237	3,090	1,833		
ANNE,	3,015	12,772	16,871	14	45	+	1	30,285	4,785	7,293	
ANTWERPEN,	34	8,056	-	3	-	-	-	-	3,765	6,238	
APPELBAK,	21	8,025	201	-	55	18	8,219	6,665	1,209		
APPENBERG,	112	6,286	207	2	94	1	3	8,065	4,037	710	
APPENBERG,	823	7,057	223	2	67	-	12	8,639	3,234		
APPENBERG,	5	9,143	279	-	-	200	2	30,481	4,035	3,873	
APPENBERG,	120	6,157	279	-	74	1	-	6,379	3,035	1,778	
APPENBERG,	107	8,053	5	-	97	15	-	36,389	17,071	3,518	
APPENBERG,	61	87,148	82	-	2	27	-	37,816	3,038	3,303	
APPENBERG,	119	3,261	55	-	38	80	-	3,263	4,084	516	
APPENBERG,	172	262	260	-	-	35	-	3,185	1,907	817	
APPENBERG,	2,024	5,783	1,021	-	-	-	-	5,145	3,039	901	
APPENBERG,	62	7,019	779	-	-	-	-	5,213	4,072	1,053	
APPENBERG,	1,612	25,225	21	-	-	-	-	28,495	12,003	9,203	
APPENBERG,	1,022	6,788	1,456	-	-	-	-	10,122	3,224		
APPENBERG,	306	1,725	89	-	46	-	-	1	2,854	2,901	287
APPENBERG,	15	4,058	2	-	-	-	-	-	4,058	2,709	142
APPENBERG,	614	4,207	17	-	-	-	-	-	4,207	2,208	594
APPENBERG,	5,515	337	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,716	3,547	524
APPENBERG,	860	5,476	4,022	-	24	-	-	1	10,297	2,664	3,467
APPENBERG,	24	6,918	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,355	8,323	449
APPENBERG,	8	5,479	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,318	4,279	498
APPENBERG,	4,802	5,758	921	-	-	-	-	-	16,532	8,348	1,359
APPENBERG,	3,202	11,028	4,208	-	-	-	-	-	21,592	7,265	3,041
APPENBERG,	912	11,893	1,750	-	-	-	-	-	14,095	4,262	1,741
APPENBERG,	47	5,241	3	-	2	23	-	-	5,242	3,844	525
APPENBERG,	1,027	6,003	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,204	3,039	1,208
APPENBERG,	24	11,865	1,201	-	-	-	-	-	14,079	4,272	847
APPENBERG,	112	7,481	78	-	-	-	-	-	7,514	3,512	1,087
APPENBERG,	8	10,082	55	-	-	-	-	-	16,307	7,279	2,110
APPENBERG,	263	8,288	1,057	-	58	-	-	-	4,755	2,878	812
APPENBERG,	15	5,444	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,455	8,252	1,379
APPENBERG,	8	80,441	-	-	-	-	-	-	18,595	7,268	1,391
APPENBERG,	218	1,397	18	-	-	25	-	-	1,395	8,119	426
APPENBERG,	118	10,153	54	-	-	14	-	-	10,311	5,720	872
APPENBERG,	1,154	4,229	269	-	8	-	-	1	4,003	3,844	1,087
APPENBERG,	8	10,070	38	-	4	87	-	-	14,077	7,278	1,208
APPENBERG,	1	9,784	96	-	7	62	-	-	8,359	4,249	393
APPENBERG,	4,898	5,022	24	-	-	12	-	-	14,048	4,264	1,274
APPENBERG,	369	10,840	-	-	8	-	-	1	13,314	4,264	1,218
APPENBERG,	1,158	5,481	2,055	-	24	8	-	-	7,405	4,028	9,245
APPENBERG,	242	6,745	28	-	58	7	-	-	8,204	3,844	821
APPENBERG,	2,214	4,425	28	-	14	14	-	-	6,113	2,864	550
APPENBERG,	126	10,973	1,201	-	46	14	-	-	16,022	7,211	3,735
APPENBERG,	870	20,024	42	-	46	14	-	2	14,998	4,759	1,389
APPENBERG,	174	10,243	9	-	15	-	-	-	16,526	6,256	1,669
APPENBERG,	8,092	55,165	8,201	-	2	2	-	-	26,415	1,389	6,050
APPENBERG,	298	589	187	-	-	25	-	-	1,094	1,094	381
APPENBERG,	1,715	8,095	332	-	2	2	-	-	8,122	5,269	1,087
APPENBERG,	84	4,053	15	-	22	1	-	-	4,561	1,708	1,088
APPENBERG,	169	3,738	618	-	-	-	-	-	5,385	2,708	412
APPENBERG,	880	1,892	1,025	-	-	-	-	-	4,583	1,389	1,722
APPENBERG,	28	8,208	55	-	-	15	-	-	8,207	3,039	391
APPENBERG,	5,705	20,797	148	-	-	68	12	51	20,664	12,048	511
APPENBERG,	1,112	9,897	8,893	-	-	45	6	6	14,987	9,208	2,279
APPENBERG,	80	5,427	745	-	-	24	-	-	7,201	4,028	1,156
APPENBERG,	1,042	8,210	823	-	-	16	-	-	8,199	5,214	328
APPENBERG,	817	3,005	49	-	-	2	-	-	8,057	1,387	364
APPENBERG,	1,110	14,449	31,850	-	17	82	-	-	21,629	7,892	4,204
APPENBERG,	7	8,420	140	-	175	8	-	-	8,721	4,018	274
APPENBERG,	737	10,487	8	-	55	82	1	-	18,338	5,218	2,257
APPENBERG,	8,789	8,028	297	-	8	-	-	-	7,308	4,483	1,388
APPENBERG,	1,000	3,389	93	-	-	25	-	-	4,922	3,374	1,071
APPENBERG,	448	8,208	66	-	25	8	-	-	8,811	1,152	388
APPENBERG,	203	8,227	1,031	4	87	-	-	-	16,352	5,545	2,557
APPENBERG,	881	8,205	381	2	20	87	-	-	4,226	5,429	1,185
APPENBERG,	5,014	18,311	18,029	-	-	302	-	-	20,655	8,771	4,219
APPENBERG,	116	8,607	31	-	-	161	-	-	8,775	5,475	1,388
APPENBERG,	131	907	41	-	107	8	-	-	8,325	4,068	394
APPENBERG,	1,070	16,818	949	-	-	-	-	-	16,810	5,563	2,093
APPENBERG,	453	5,298	2,161	2	208	1	-	-	8,101	4,027	2,097
APPENBERG,	9	8,205	1,260	1	15	-	-	-	8,302	5,252	715
APPENBERG,	1,775	2,375	287	2	205	-	-	-	8,202	10,011	80
APPENBERG,	183	1,914	37	1	15	-	-	-	8,398	1,206	328
APPENBERG,	9,065	10,811	2,002	2	2	1,126	1	-	17,472	5,067	3,288
APPENBERG,	766	8,220	1,803	1	8	-	-	-	8,321	4,271	1,638
APPENBERG,	9,043	9,043	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,039	2,024	1,312

## EXTENT OF LAND UNDER CROPS.

11

## EXTENT OF LAND UNDER CROPS IN THE YEAR 1881.

IN STATUTE ACRES.												POOR LAW UNIONS.
Ward and Sub-Div.	Open Court Farmers	Cottage	Vineyard	Acreage of Land Under Crops	Total	Farm	Exp.	Woolgatherer Wright	Higher and Lower	Total surface under Crops.		
502	62	173	15	34	4,769	18	91,865	14,685	86,071	14,685	ASPREYBURN,	
75	12	12	221	24	11,329	2,703	1	25,071	16,164	45,547	ANTHILL,	
281	32	37	183	266	8,000	22	1	27,143	12,070	38,318	ANTHILL,	
429	36	68	476	620	10,545	8,015	21	81,213	25,842	81,213	ANTHILL,	
430	56	102	55	189	9,089	8	455	13,263	15,323	32,390	ANTHILL,	
576	68	362	189	261	14,131	189	44,282	22,088	47,371	47,371	ATFORT,	
31	36	116	13	42	4,022	541	1	17,111	6,121	35,390	BALMORALTON,	
120	26	212	71	135	8,777	22	1	16,231	5,082	32,442	BALLCARL,	
247	8	30	17	129	6,486	1	207	10,383	15,197	26,580	BALLCARLTON,	
256	11	207	33	122	8,770	8	150	17,514	5,045	26,396	BALLCARLTON,	
17	5	68	20	10	6,093	1,007	1	18,003	4,485	33,304	BALLYMURRAY,	
975	14	181	49	167	8,773	44	24	12,146	16,731	36,317	BALLYMURRAY,	
85	12	45	161	208	12,829	7,202	1	25,044	16,477	36,329	BALLYMURRAY,	
180	14	61	137	147	12,056	6,004	7	36,023	16,393	43,213	BALLYMURRAY,	
182	7	596	6	121	8,207	238	1	8,315	18,840	25,433	BALLYMURRAY,	
74	3	68	9	81	1,489	-	1	2,009	5,664	4,278	BALLYWAGHAN,	
181	198	11	220	249	2,809	-	1	14,437	17,602	31,539	BALLYWAGHAN,	
280	69	129	12	222	4,141	-	1	13,216	26,627	31,837	BALLYWAGHAN,	
132	29	26	123	224	12,113	2,902	1	17,509	31,113	31,113	BALLYWAGHAN,	
302	39	86	82	74	5,264	17	9	12,612	5,074	31,341	BALLYWAGHAN,	
113	6	267	142	58	4,096	15	16	8,929	1,789	12,711	BALTRY,	
43	19	10	112	205	8,095	19	1	16,291	12,223	35,338	BALTRY,	
118	33	186	80	692	3,074	807	1	9,361	8,719	37,000	BALTRY,	
427	26	95	49	51	4,202	8	3	8,340	1,348	8,431	BALTRY,	
31	8	238	5	26	8,008	2	8	16,476	38,317	38,317	BALTRY,	
145	32	321	5	16	8,201	1	7	8,716	1,064	34,028	BALTRY,	
234	34	290	20	55	5,338	-	1	16,487	15,969	34,456	BALTRY,	
704	125	365	13	323	12,517	1	14	23,215	22,302	37,487	BALTRY,	
303	6	74	28	37	4,496	1,935	7	22,340	5,035	36,314	BALTRY,	
87	6	151	8	41	5,177	11	4	6,255	15,547	35,302	BALTRY-IN-BEAL,	
413	29	211	24	61	5,245	-	16	12,180	1,286	31,338	BALTRY-IN-BEAL,	
607	20	45	20	149	5,491	-	15	20,228	18,284	44,339	BALTRY-IN-BEAL,	
45	45	175	19	209	5,455	85	39	36,293	5,982	51,184	BALTRY-IN-BEAL,	
77	60	69	14	211	10,054	8,030	9	2	7,403	45,003	BALTRY-IN-BEAL,	
269	211	10	128	228	8,941	-	8	8,780	11,381	20,271	BALTRYCASTLE,	
64	50	118	11	202	4,012	1,382	5	16,483	1,072	32,255	BALTRYCASTLE,	
44	86	95	11	112	11,260	1	21	11,375	15,037	36,377	BALTRYCASTLE,	
178	107	39	35	134	3,164	29	1	6,789	4,492	8,029	BALTRYCASTLE,	
305	88	124	12	284	11,005	7,002	29	20,020	26,019	44,039	BALTRYCASTLE,	
816	45	27	4	218	2,610	-	20	2,371	16,378	34,551	BALTRYCASTLE,	
48	2	247	3	211	4,017	-	6	52	8,201	33,335	BALTRYCASTLE,	
100	4	82	1	158	4,201	-	1	1	6,802	1,064	BALTRYCASTLE,	
184	27	305	6	105	2,962	-	8	16,344	8,502	34,338	BALTRYCASTLE,	
184	8	12	46	142	6,737	2,023	1	20,344	8,144	36,338	BALTRYCASTLE,	
268	160	60	25	97	2,368	518	1	14,856	8,358	35,351	BALTRYCASTLE,	
920	7	24	11	223	8,129	1,206	1	12,309	12,613	35,382	BALTRYCASTLE,	
154	27	619	19	33	2,860	-	1	16,777	8,795	34,389	BALTRYCASTLE,	
247	10	184	25	245	11,051	4,556	7	34,800	5,547	44,144	BALTRYCASTLE,	
140	8	175	21	288	12,045	4,012	13	20,223	7,003	36,312	BALTRYCASTLE,	
179	10	121	60	109	8,001	6,833	24	31,373	19,381	43,872	BALTRYCASTLE,	
87	329	367	27	449	10,136	-	12	20,555	20,625	46,715	BALTRYCASTLE,	
77	8	71	1	100	4,093	-	1	12,273	3,394	33,357	BALTRYCASTLE,	
268	62	89	35	22	4,627	-	22	10,301	15,388	34,091	BALTRYCASTLE,	
271	24	59	8	174	2,450	-	23	7,703	4,293	31,346	BALTRYCASTLE,	
264	143	6	89	27	2,755	7	9	7,110	4,685	31,372	BALTRYCASTLE,	
920	11	325	12	27	4,225	-	2	7,293	4,472	32,035	BALTRYCASTLE,	
47	178	25	25	275	6,079	505	1	11,359	11,683	33,616	BALTRYCASTLE,	
411	18	26	15	265	26,123	8,010	23	16,047	15,274	36,414	BALTRYCASTLE,	
303	20	20	82	476	4,783	25	1	16,047	14,388	36,327	BALTRYCASTLE,	
95	229	29	29	27	2,886	24	69	15,263	8,537	36,346	BALTRYCASTLE,	
303	18	323	36	247	3,261	-	7	6,128	6,071	36,382	BALTRYCASTLE,	
308	27	340	1	595	3,229	-	1	8,058	4,000	34,771	BALTRYCASTLE,	
304	29	305	305	611	13,037	3,004	49,072	39,487	36,327	BALTRYCASTLE,		
4	2	226	20	72	4,836	893	9	11,116	8,337	31,371	BALTRYCASTLE,	
263	22	86	88	218	12,086	4,000	4	35,742	15,160	46,845	BALTRYCASTLE,	
264	32	209	4	545	4,455	-	15,323	3,047	36,393	BALTRYCASTLE,		
346	20	187	39	478	161	-	18,203	4,037	35,068	BALTRYCASTLE,		
254	6	12	4	128	5,070	2	5,047	17,584	55,431	BALTRYCASTLE,		
255	25	113	17	184	4,036	5	16,726	20,489	37,071	BALTRYCASTLE,		
266	45	181	8	143	8,445	8	-	8,735	18,856	36,460	BALTRYCASTLE,	
267	60	181	22	223	12,045	6,033	5	12,209	15,367	35,353	BALTRYCASTLE,	
268	12	271	6	49	4,315	10	1	12,329	20,548	44,638	BALTRYCASTLE,	
269	7	218	81	109	10,316	55	6	8,178	15,313	36,377	BALTRYCASTLE,	
408	88	248	248	3,026	2,046	2	20	59,433	42,084	36,377	BALTRYCASTLE,	
265	11	85	22	217	8,102	1	143	15,154	1,087	36,211	BALTRYCASTLE,	
266	32	127	94	81	4,039	4,080	1	16,043	4,046	36,362	BALTRYCASTLE,	
272	32	233	44	818	10,410	2,046	2	18,203	22,116	36,377	BALTRYCASTLE,	
273	32	233	81	234	9,326	5,026	2	16,043	11,313	36,377	BALTRYCASTLE,	
214	4	101	41	87	8,102	4,080	1	16,043	4,046	36,362	BALTRYCASTLE,	

TABLE III.—SHOWING BY POOR LAW UNIONS THE EXTENT

POOR LAW UNION.	EXTENT UNDER CROPS									
	CULT., FARM., AND TRADE.								FARM.	
	Wheat.	Oats.	Rye.	Barley.	Flax.	Rap.	Flax.	Total.		
	Acre.	Acre.	Acre.	Acre.	Acre.	Acre.	Acre.	Acre.	Acre.	
GLENMILLS,	29	16,816	9	10	15	-	-	10,525	4,512	1,558
GRANGEHORN,	26	14,628	361	-	41	10	3	15,670	6,071	1,572
GUINNESSTOWN,	65	4,227	9	58	35	-	-	6,522	4,054	1,112
KARTHUR,	1,085	6,003	128	-	35	-	-	1,173	5,181	1,505
KELLYS,	359	2,083	48	-	2	-	-	3,241	3,143	1,204
KENNAKEE,	16	1,974	-	-	22	1	-	2,087	3,000	824
KILBECK,	1,004	8,232	126	-	-	-	-	8,603	8,111	659
KILBEGGAN,	2,054	6,000	5,811	-	-	-	-	15,211	4,907	9,172
KILBEGGAN,	422	1,347	126	-	24	16	-	1,483	2,070	413
KILLEGHTY,	4	2,061	171	-	3	-	-	2,133	2,148	689
KILLINEY,	203	7,023	45	-	28	-	-	7,558	6,978	1,180
KILMARSH,	1,200	3,666	83	-	20	-	-	4,793	5,156	882
KILMARSH,	750	3,433	20	-	-	-	-	4,101	4,004	689
KILMARSH,	895	2,911	49	-	20	-	-	3,916	6,702	871
KILMARSH,	1,006	6,474	3,043	-	3	11	-	11,253	5,202	9,516
KILMORE,	1,043	8,643	64	-	6	1,023	15	11,856	8,818	1,590
KILMOREY,	18	11,291	8	-	-	-	-	11,866	3,278	2,138
KILNAGHTY,	408	10,281	1,021	-	413	20	61	23,720	2,898	3,291
KILNAGHTY,	365	7,286	1,166	-	38	26	95	8,463	7,117	2,151
KILNAGHTY,	2,002	10,113	26	-	32	36	15	32,793	11,498	2,281
KILNAGHTY,	1,392	8,179	37	-	26	4	-	8,506	6,554	1,024
KILNAGHTY,	374	6,080	17	-	25	0	-	6,513	4,370	689
KILNAGHTY,	293	8,412	1,058	-	109	-	-	7,734	8,000	1,283
KILNAGHTY,	127	10,280	200	-	245	16	37	20,290	8,243	2,180
KILNAGHTY,	164	7,486	19	-	106	6	1	7,745	8,925	1,034
KILNAGHTY,	2,027	10,113	26	-	32	36	15	32,793	11,498	2,281
KILNAGHTY,	1,392	8,179	37	-	26	4	-	8,506	6,554	1,024
KILNAGHTY,	374	6,080	17	-	25	0	-	6,513	4,370	689
KILNAGHTY,	293	8,412	1,058	-	109	-	-	7,734	8,000	1,283
KILNAGHTY,	127	10,280	200	-	245	16	37	20,290	8,243	2,180
KILNAGHTY,	164	7,486	19	-	106	6	1	7,745	8,925	1,034
KILNAGHTY,	2,027	10,113	26	-	32	36	15	32,793	11,498	2,281
KILNAGHTY,	1,392	8,179	37	-	26	4	-	8,506	6,554	1,024
KILNAGHTY,	374	6,080	17	-	25	0	-	6,513	4,370	689
KILNAGHTY,	293	8,412	1,058	-	109	-	-	7,734	8,000	1,283
KILNAGHTY,	127	10,280	200	-	245	16	37	20,290	8,243	2,180
KILNAGHTY,	164	7,486	19	-	106	6	1	7,745	8,925	1,034
KILNAGHTY,	2,027	10,113	26	-	32	36	15	32,793	11,498	2,281
KILNAGHTY,	1,392	8,179	37	-	26	4	-	8,506	6,554	1,024
KILNAGHTY,	374	6,080	17	-	25	0	-	6,513	4,370	689
KILNAGHTY,	293	8,412	1,058	-	109	-	-	7,734	8,000	1,283
KILNAGHTY,	127	10,280	200	-	245	16	37	20,290	8,243	2,180
KILNAGHTY,	164	7,486	19	-	106	6	1	7,745	8,925	1,034
KILNAGHTY,	2,027	10,113	26	-	32	36	15	32,793	11,498	2,281
KILNAGHTY,	1,392	8,179	37	-	26	4	-	8,506	6,554	1,024
KILNAGHTY,	374	6,080	17	-	25	0	-	6,513	4,370	689
KILNAGHTY,	293	8,412	1,058	-	109	-	-	7,734	8,000	1,283
KILNAGHTY,	127	10,280	200	-	245	16	37	20,290	8,243	2,180
KILNAGHTY,	164	7,486	19	-	106	6	1	7,745	8,925	1,034
KILNAGHTY,	2,027	10,113	26	-	32	36	15	32,793	11,498	2,281
KILNAGHTY,	1,392	8,179	37	-	26	4	-	8,506	6,554	1,024
KILNAGHTY,	374	6,080	17	-	25	0	-	6,513	4,370	689
KILNAGHTY,	293	8,412	1,058	-	109	-	-	7,734	8,000	1,283
KILNAGHTY,	127	10,280	200	-	245	16	37	20,290	8,243	2,180
KILNAGHTY,	164	7,486	19	-	106	6	1	7,745	8,925	1,034
KILNAGHTY,	2,027	10,113	26	-	32	36	15	32,793	11,498	2,281
KILNAGHTY,	1,392	8,179	37	-	26	4	-	8,506	6,554	1,024
KILNAGHTY,	374	6,080	17	-	25	0	-	6,513	4,370	689
KILNAGHTY,	293	8,412	1,058	-	109	-	-	7,734	8,000	1,283
KILNAGHTY,	127	10,280	200	-	245	16	37	20,290	8,243	2,180
KILNAGHTY,	164	7,486	19	-	106	6	1	7,745	8,925	1,034
KILNAGHTY,	2,027	10,113	26	-	32	36	15	32,793	11,498	2,281
KILNAGHTY,	1,392	8,179	37	-	26	4	-	8,506	6,554	1,024
KILNAGHTY,	374	6,080	17	-	25	0	-	6,513	4,370	689
KILNAGHTY,	293	8,412	1,058	-	109	-	-	7,734	8,000	1,283
KILNAGHTY,	127	10,280	200	-	245	16	37	20,290	8,243	2,180
KILNAGHTY,	164	7,486	19	-	106	6	1	7,745	8,925	1,034
KILNAGHTY,	2,027	10,113	26	-	32	36	15	32,793	11,498	2,281
KILNAGHTY,	1,392	8,179	37	-	26	4	-	8,506	6,554	1,024
KILNAGHTY,	374	6,080	17	-	25	0	-	6,513	4,370	689
KILNAGHTY,	293	8,412	1,058	-	109	-	-	7,734	8,000	1,283
KILNAGHTY,	127	10,280	200	-	245	16	37	20,290	8,243	2,180
KILNAGHTY,	164	7,486	19	-	106	6	1	7,745	8,925	1,034
KILNAGHTY,	2,027	10,113	26	-	32	36	15	32,793	11,498	2,281
KILNAGHTY,	1,392	8,179	37	-	26	4	-	8,506	6,554	1,024
KILNAGHTY,	374	6,080	17	-	25	0	-	6,513	4,370	689
KILNAGHTY,	293	8,412	1,058	-	109	-	-	7,734	8,000	1,283
KILNAGHTY,	127	10,280	200	-	245	16	37	20,290	8,243	2,180
KILNAGHTY,	164	7,486	19	-	106	6	1	7,745	8,925	1,034
KILNAGHTY,	2,027	10,113	26	-	32	36	15	32,793	11,498	2,281
KILNAGHTY,	1,392	8,179	37	-	26	4	-	8,506	6,554	1,024
KILNAGHTY,	374	6,080	17	-	25	0	-	6,513	4,370	689
KILNAGHTY,	293	8,412	1,058	-	109	-	-	7,734	8,000	1,283
KILNAGHTY,	127	10,280	200	-	245	16	37	20,290	8,243	2,180
KILNAGHTY,	164	7,486	19	-	106	6	1	7,745	8,925	1,034
KILNAGHTY,	2,027	10,113	26	-	32	36	15	32,793	11,498	2,281
KILNAGHTY,	1,392	8,179	37	-	26	4	-	8,506	6,554	1,024
KILNAGHTY,	374	6,080	17	-	25	0	-	6,513	4,370	689
KILNAGHTY,	293	8,412	1,058	-	109	-	-	7,734	8,000	1,283
KILNAGHTY,	127	10,280	200	-	245	16	37	20,290	8,243	2,180
KILNAGHTY,	164	7,486	19	-	106	6	1	7,745	8,925	1,034
KILNAGHTY,	2,027	10,113	26	-	32	36	15	32,793	11,498	2,281
KILNAGHTY,	1,392	8,179	37	-	26	4	-	8,506	6,554	1,024
KILNAGHTY,	374	6,080	17	-	25	0	-	6,513	4,370	689
KILNAGHTY,	293	8,412	1,058	-	109	-	-	7,734	8,000	1,283
KILNAGHTY,	127	10,280	200	-	245	16	37	20,290	8,243	2,180
KILNAGHTY,	164	7,486	19	-	106	6	1	7,745	8,925	1,034
KILNAGHTY,	2,027	10,113	26	-	32	36	15	32,793	11,498	2,281
KILNAGHTY,	1,392	8,179	37	-	26	4	-	8,506	6,554	1,024
KILNAGHTY,	374	6,080	17	-	25	0	-	6,513	4,370	689
KILNAGHTY,	293	8,412	1,058	-	109	-	-	7,734	8,000	1,283
KILNAGHTY,	127	10,280	200	-	245	16	37	20,290	8,243	2,180
KILNAGHTY,	164	7,486	19	-	106	6	1	7,745	8,925	1,034
KILNAGHTY,	2,027	10,113	26	-	32	36	15	32,793	11,498	2,281
KILNAGHTY,	1,392	8,179	37	-	26	4	-	8,506	6,554	1,024
KILNAGHTY,	374	6,080	17	-	25	0	-	6,513	4,370	689
KILNAGHTY,	293	8,412	1,058	-	109	-	-	7,734	8,000	1,283
KILNAGHTY,	127	10,280	200	-	245	16	37	20,290	8,243	2,180
KILNAGHTY,	164	7,486	19	-	106	6	1	7,745	8,925	1,034
KILNAGHTY,	2,027	10,113	26	-	32	36	15	32,793	11,498	2,281
KILNAGHTY,	1,392	8,179	37	-	26	4	-	8,506	6,554	1,024
KILNAGHTY,	374	6,080	17	-	25	0	-	6,513	4,370	689
KILNAGHTY,	293	8,412	1,058	-	109	-	-	7,734	8,000	1,283
KILNAGHTY,	127	10,280	200	-	245	16	37	20,290	8,243	2,180
KILNAGHTY,	164	7,486	19	-	106	6	1	7,745	8,925	1,034
KILNAGHTY,	2,027	10,113	26	-	32	36	15	32,793	11,498	2,281
KILNAGHTY,	1,392	8,179	37	-	26	4	-	8,506	6,554	1,024
KILNAGHTY,	374	6,080	17	-	25	0	-	6,513	4,370	689
KILNAGHTY,	293	8,412	1,058	-	109	-	-	7,734	8,000	1,283
KILNAGHTY,	127	10,280	200	-	245	16	37	20,290	8,243	2,180
KILNAGHTY,	164	7,486	19	-	106	6	1	7,745	8,925	1,034
KILNAGHTY,	2,027	10,113	26	-	32	36	15	32,793	11,498	2,281
K										

## EXTENT OF LAND UNDER CROPS.

13

## OF LAND UNDER CROPS IN THE YEAR 1881—continued.

IN STATUTE ACRES.

NAME AND POST BOX NO.	CULTIV. AND FALLOW	CROPS	WHEAT	OATS	CEREAL CROPS	TEA	RICE	BEG.	TOTAL SUGAR CROPS	MUSCOVY COCO	JACQUARD COCO	TOTAL EXTENT UNDER CROPS	POOR LAW UNION		
													Acres	Acre	
100	2	207	12	187	1,258	128	14	20,310	20,310	48,231	48,231	48,231	GRANVILLE,		
101	20	402	15	61	1,259	204	23	21,184	4,868	21,184	4,868	25,052	DEVONPORT,		
102	25	425	15	61	1,259	1,088	2	18,386	8,777	18,386	8,777	25,163	MOUNTAIN,		
103	32	432	216	1,012	1,259	2	23	12,029	20,399	12,029	20,399	42,418	KEW,		
104	36	300	16	182	4,669	337	35	15,373	16,714	15,373	16,714	32,087	KEW,		
105	4	264	16	28	4,216	—	7	6,053	7,149	6,053	7,149	14,002	STRELL,		
106	5	2	5	85	6,054	1,725	—	12,051	4,557	12,051	4,557	16,608	STRELL,		
107	22	250	21	147	5,007	—	—	25,028	10,547	25,028	10,547	35,575	KILMARNOCK,		
108	6	192	2	59	5,041	15	—	—	8,074	5,041	8,074	5,041	13,015	KILMARNOCK,	
109	23	25	23	23	5,052	74	4	—	12,050	17,170	12,050	17,170	33,220	KILMARNOCK,	
110	28	250	28	146	5,044	11	105	16,014	20,409	16,014	20,409	46,221	KILMARNOCK,		
111	29	145	1	48	5,021	—	—	7,063	5,245	7,063	5,245	12,308	KILMARNOCK,		
112	29	250	5	225	5,119	—	—	—	8,074	20,405	8,074	20,405	38,485	KILMARNOCK,	
113	29	175	5	54	5,065	26	—	—	12,050	17,170	12,050	17,170	33,220	KILMARNOCK,	
114	35	25	195	48	5,043	—	—	—	12,050	4,896	12,050	4,896	24,971	KINSEY,	
115	36	8	147	193	7,323	455	8	15,481	16,318	15,481	16,318	32,799	LADYBIRD,		
116	36	150	21	36	3,262	9,200	1,200	26,011	23,947	26,011	23,947	52,958	LADYBIRD,		
117	14	131	166	112	11,028	2,000	4	26,346	8,879	26,346	8,879	44,225	LADYBIRD,		
118	36	475	4	258	10,524	12	—	25,987	8,149	25,987	8,149	34,136	LADYBIRD,		
119	44	73	245	254	11,278	8,685	7	42,079	10,894	42,079	10,894	53,973	LADYBIRD,		
120	24	321	26	65	4,203	2	4	18,418	4,409	18,418	4,409	22,827	LADYBIRD,		
121	9	45	22	22	5,023	4,013	1,200	—	14,058	14,058	14,058	14,058	31,916	LADYBIRD,	
122	30	405	78	272	6,013	11	27	15,376	10,375	15,376	10,375	30,751	LADYBIRD,		
123	25	263	264	422	16,412	2,610	28	46,954	9,593	46,954	9,593	56,547	LADYBIRD,		
124	83	255	27	237	7,245	145	6	52,007	14,072	52,007	14,072	66,079	LADYBIRD,		
125	19	185	45	129	7,312	7	658	11,740	27,682	11,740	27,682	39,422	LAWTON,		
126	13	55	55	33	11,415	1,037	28	21,123	11,355	21,123	11,355	47,474	LAWTON,		
127	27	940	61	917	9,117	—	—	50,360	22,125	50,360	22,125	72,485	MACHRIE,		
128	18	171	59	489	14,337	2,387	4	47,222	18,682	47,222	18,682	65,904	MACHRIE,		
129	24	183	184	129	7,308	3	—	14,936	11,718	14,936	11,718	36,654	MACHRIE,		
130	2	380	2	65	5,062	23	1	—	9,098	26,462	9,098	26,462	35,564	MACHRIE,	
131	45	74	187	187	11,145	1,000	4	26,053	8,033	26,053	8,033	49,019	MACHRIE,		
132	25	175	175	175	7,308	1,000	28	21,123	11,355	21,123	11,355	36,478	MACHRIE,		
133	25	202	129	129	5,018	—	129	2,711	8,037	2,711	8,037	18,728	MACHRIE,		
134	6	202	6	65	4,018	—	6	8,102	20,479	8,102	20,479	28,581	MACHRIE,		
135	24	185	26	185	7,307	124	81	25,737	31,879	25,737	31,879	57,616	MACHRIE,		
136	23	67	227	10,019	4,087	29	67,469	31,254	67,469	31,254	98,723	MACHRIE,			
137	4	181	61	110	5,043	3	282	11,181	8,102	11,181	8,102	20,283	MACHRIE,		
138	26	187	63	178	14,103	87	87	25,307	21,005	25,307	21,005	46,312	MACHRIE,		
139	63	180	39	182	6,116	8	282	11,181	8,102	11,181	8,102	20,283	MACHRIE,		
140	27	363	27	183	9,009	—	18	25,375	31,879	25,375	31,879	57,254	MALL,		
141	22	25	25	122	5,092	—	28	8,074	5,277	8,074	5,277	13,351	MALL,		
142	25	415	28	61	5,072	—	29	25,475	31,064	25,475	31,064	56,539	MALL,		
143	25	403	6	208	5,015	2,215	28	25,329	31,064	25,329	31,064	56,393	MALL,		
144	21	182	6	65	4,009	—	22	8,044	10,272	8,044	10,272	19,316	MALL,		
145	27	593	26	104	10,248	7,287	12	45,984	11,180	45,984	11,180	57,164	MARY,		
146	22	57	92	92	10,248	7,287	12	45,984	11,180	45,984	11,180	57,164	MARY,		
147	24	427	401	34,248	4,264	25	45,370	11,205	45,370	11,205	56,575	MARY,			
148	25	222	29	576	5,074	273	11	17,028	11,681	17,028	11,681	32,709	MARY,		
149	8	189	44	474	10,285	5,284	8	43,384	10,285	43,384	10,285	53,671	MARY,		
150	27	321	26	96	10,248	7,287	12	45,984	11,180	45,984	11,180	57,164	MARY,		
151	22	173	27	92	10,248	7,287	12	45,984	11,180	45,984	11,180	57,164	MARY,		
152	24	427	401	34,248	4,264	25	45,370	11,205	45,370	11,205	56,575	MARY,			
153	25	222	29	576	5,074	273	11	17,028	11,681	17,028	11,681	32,709	MARY,		
154	8	189	44	474	10,285	5,284	8	43,384	10,285	43,384	10,285	53,671	MARY,		
155	27	321	26	96	10,248	7,287	12	45,984	11,180	45,984	11,180	57,164	MARY,		
156	22	173	27	92	10,248	7,287	12	45,984	11,180	45,984	11,180	57,164	MARY,		
157	24	427	401	34,248	4,264	25	45,370	11,205	45,370	11,205	56,575	MARY,			
158	25	222	29	576	5,074	273	11	17,028	11,681	17,028	11,681	32,709	MARY,		
159	8	189	44	474	10,285	5,284	8	43,384	10,285	43,384	10,285	53,671	MARY,		
160	27	321	26	96	10,248	7,287	12	45,984	11,180	45,984	11,180	57,164	MARY,		
161	22	173	27	92	10,248	7,287	12	45,984	11,180	45,984	11,180	57,164	MARY,		
162	24	427	401	34,248	4,264	25	45,370	11,205	45,370	11,205	56,575	MARY,			
163	25	222	29	576	5,074	273	11	17,028	11,681	17,028	11,681	32,709	MARY,		
164	8	189	44	474	10,285	5,284	8	43,384	10,285	43,384	10,285	53,671	MARY,		
165	27	321	26	96	10,248	7,287	12	45,984	11,180	45,984	11,180	57,164	MARY,		
166	22	173	27	92	10,248	7,287	12	45,984	11,180	45,984	11,180	57,164	MARY,		
167	24	427	401	34,248	4,264	25	45,370	11,205	45,370	11,205	56,575	MARY,			
168	25	222	29	576	5,074	273	11	17,028	11,681	17,028	11,681	32,709	MARY,		
169	8	189	44	474	10,285	5,284	8	43,384	10,285	43,384	10,285	53,671	MARY,		
170	27	321	26	96	10,248	7,287	12	45,984	11,180	45,984	11,180	57,164	MARY,		
171	22	173	27	92	10,248	7,287	12	45,984	11,180	45,984	11,180	57,164	MARY,		
172	24	427	401	34,248	4,264	25	45,370	11,205	45,370	11,205	56,575	MARY,			
173	25	222	29	576	5,074	273	11	17,028	11,681	17,028	11,681	32,709	MARY,		
174	8	189	44	474	10,285	5,284	8	43,384	10,285	43,384	10,285	53,671	MARY,		
175	27	321	26	96	10,248	7,287	12	45,984	11,180	45,984	11,180	57,164	MARY,		
176	22	173	27	92	10,248	7,287	12	45,984	11,180	45,984	11,180	57,164	MARY,		
177	24	427	401	34,248	4,264	25	45,370	11,205	45,370	11,205	56,575	MARY,			
178	25	222	29	576	5,074	273	11	17,028	11,681	17,028	11,681	32,709	MARY,		
179	8	189	44	474	10,285	5,284	8	43,384	10,285	43,384	10,285	53,671	MARY,		
180	27	321	26	96	10,248	7,287	12	45,984	11,180	45,984	11,180	57,164	MARY,		
181	22	173	27	92	10,248	7,287	12	45,984	11,180	45,984	11,180	57,164	MARY,		
182	24	427	401	34,248	4,264	25	45,370	11,205	45,370	11,205	56,575	MARY,			
183	25	222	29	576	5,074	273	11	17,028	11,681	17,028	11,681	32,709	MARY,		
184	8	189	44	474	10,285	5,284	8	43,384	10,285	43,384	10,285	53,671	MARY,		
185	27	321	26												

TABLE IV.—SHOWING, BY POOR LAW UNIONS, THE

POOR LAW UNION,	PROVINCE						
	CORN, BEANS, AND PEAS.						
	WHEAT	OATS	BEGG.	Barley	Rye	Dress.	Fruit
Gros. of 100 lbs.	Gros. of 100 lbs.	Gros. of 100 lbs.	Gros. of 100 lbs.	Gros. of 100 lbs.	Gros. of 100 lbs.	Gros. of 100 lbs.	Gros. of 100 lbs.
ABBEYFILLE, . . . . .	26,581	164,215	85,117	17	163	74	51
ADARE, . . . . .	15,632	294,741	297	6	25	4,181	565
AGHAGNA, . . . . .	82,359	109,550	50,641	58	45	5,432	781
AGHAGNAH, . . . . .	45,094	307,030	405	74	222	4,055	834
AGHAGNAH, . . . . .	1,091	111,177	—	47	1,175	—	—
AGHAGNAH, . . . . .	20,922	286,449	271,580	214	1,091	—	10
AGHAGNAH, . . . . .	602	186,561	—	19	—	4	—
AGHAGNAH, . . . . .	546	186,715	—	206	—	21	295
AGHAGNAH, . . . . .	1,967	91,571	4,615	28	1,174	15	16
AGHAGNAH, . . . . .	11,474	116,020	4,940	22	1,063	—	122
AGHAGNAH, . . . . .	225	224,823	11,271	—	29	10,426	29
AGHAGNAH, . . . . .	2,314	95,596	163	69	962	14	—
AGHAGNAH, . . . . .	7,764	80,731	169	—	286	172	55
AGHAGNAH, . . . . .	2,058	301,215	1,081	—	80	875	27
AGHAGNAH, . . . . .	1,799	81,444	270	29	425	855	37
AGHAGNAH, . . . . .	1,829	4,896	2,027	—	—	634	—
AGHAGNAH, . . . . .	49,222	174,044	24,003	75	—	—	125
AGHAGNAH, . . . . .	10,179	114,104	12,000	14	—	—	—
AGHAGNAH, . . . . .	25,159	204,918	231	31	7	75	15
AGHAGNAH, . . . . .	22,922	94,061	20,973	45	45	7	19
AGHAGNAH, . . . . .	11,125	28,125	807	—	15	—	7
AGHAGNAH, . . . . .	715	67,685	89	10	65	—	—
AGHAGNAH, . . . . .	8,329	63,093	256	—	—	79	212
AGHAGNAH, . . . . .	2,001	20,093	3,340	280	1,853	—	—
AGHAGNAH, . . . . .	13,181	81,477	25,031	45	556	74	13
AGHAGNAH, . . . . .	486	164,868	183	—	580	—	—
AGHAGNAH, . . . . .	36	27,353	36	—	475	—	12
AGHAGNAH, . . . . .	37,874	80,002	18,863	16	—	—	—
AGHAGNAH, . . . . .	5,188	251,767	67,715	21	—	—	48
AGHAGNAH, . . . . .	3,238	131,023	18,617	19	—	—	—
AGHAGNAH, . . . . .	3,094	31,718	8	24	434	—	—
AGHAGNAH, . . . . .	95,710	125,000	1,141	—	—	7	—
AGHAGNAH, . . . . .	48,007	182,158	50,000	45	245	—	25
AGHAGNAH, . . . . .	1,009	93,117	1,175	61	857	—	7
AGHAGNAH, . . . . .	96	126,903	288	18	35	85	45
AGHAGNAH, . . . . .	4,187	84,008	38,947	1,043	—	—	—
AGHAGNAH, . . . . .	149	108,004	—	—	—	30	—
AGHAGNAH, . . . . .	184	102,514	48	—	286	14	91
AGHAGNAH, . . . . .	2,179	115,865	655	—	14	—	—
AGHAGNAH, . . . . .	1,237	182,302	319	134	80	112	11
AGHAGNAH, . . . . .	26,119	89,632	3,984	—	84	—	55
AGHAGNAH, . . . . .	115	123,543	409	42	716	16	6
AGHAGNAH, . . . . .	19	58,625	5,763	23	6,813	—	—
AGHAGNAH, . . . . .	89,777	128,281	3,07	—	389	—	—
AGHAGNAH, . . . . .	8,030	108,775	—	—	40	124	20
AGHAGNAH, . . . . .	14,587	58,470	42,959	80	70	—	—
AGHAGNAH, . . . . .	2,507	84,799	112	225	895	54	—
AGHAGNAH, . . . . .	25,622	72,700	607	—	80	—	—
AGHAGNAH, . . . . .	5,216	200,720	36,511	125	123	8,595	548
AGHAGNAH, . . . . .	15,896	175,970	700	43	1,081	222	20
AGHAGNAH, . . . . .	1,610	165,978	125	12	519	55	19
AGHAGNAH, . . . . .	41,395	202,308	45,000	—	38	9	—
AGHAGNAH, . . . . .	4,725	18,645	1,089	—	933	8	—
AGHAGNAH, . . . . .	91,189	84,276	6,482	—	26	—	—
AGHAGNAH, . . . . .	285	63,893	165	—	397	10	15
AGHAGNAH, . . . . .	1,186	84,328	7,180	56	1,270	—	—
AGHAGNAH, . . . . .	12,297	20,544	34,000	85	—	85	265
AGHAGNAH, . . . . .	4,490	67,500	687	4	230	811	—
AGHAGNAH, . . . . .	142,782	200,125	1,742	—	266	8,532	725
AGHAGNAH, . . . . .	24,649	124,055	7,167	—	—	1,130	65
AGHAGNAH, West, . . . . .	1,086	24,295	5,484	—	145	—	—
AGHAGNAH, West, . . . . .	86,417	50,000	3,000	—	—	250	300
AGHAGNAH, West, . . . . .	12,718	87,877	968	—	—	54	65
AGHAGNAH, West, . . . . .	12,063	100,000	140,000	59	79	1,220	—
AGHAGNAH, West, . . . . .	78	89,174	1,600	19	1,012	165	268
AGHAGNAH, West, . . . . .	39,114	107,458	109	17	194	764	3
AGHAGNAH, West, . . . . .	21,485	82,000	6,474	—	15	—	—
AGHAGNAH, West, . . . . .	18,785	80,100	7,395	—	268	69	10
AGHAGNAH, West, . . . . .	6,138	46,812	283	—	—	—	—
AGHAGNAH, West, . . . . .	4,058	132,207	59,359	81	1,089	—	—
AGHAGNAH, West, . . . . .	8,781	34,004	4,251	—	203	2,814	81
AGHAGNAH, West, . . . . .	80,665	90,000	25,000	—	—	2,879	15
AGHAGNAH, West, . . . . .	1,725	87,700	1,000	—	1,002	204	87
AGHAGNAH, West, . . . . .	1,063	11,004	3,000	—	3,000	3,464	84
AGHAGNAH, West, . . . . .	21,139	246,000	3,016	—	—	—	—
AGHAGNAH, West, . . . . .	8,369	50,004	20,007	27	1,000	14	1,131
AGHAGNAH, West, . . . . .	15	88,208	—	—	218	—	—
AGHAGNAH, West, . . . . .	2	10,001	3,002	—	3,002	4,218	—
AGHAGNAH, West, . . . . .	3,417	10,000	1,000	15	315	—	—
AGHAGNAH, West, . . . . .	29,318	101,467	24,000	226	81	14,022	165
AGHAGNAH, West, . . . . .	8,904	27,200	20,007	18	88	—	173
AGHAGNAH, West, . . . . .	—	113,301	—	—	45	—	—

## PRODUCE OF THE CROPS IN THE YEAR 1861.

OF THE CROPS.

Product.	Quantity.	Weight and Kind of Crop.	Great Crops.					FOUR LAW TOWNS.	
			Cultivation.	Wheat.	Rye.	Flax.	Barley.		
Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
22,755	44,692	8,601	678	9,187	25	-	46	26,978	ASPHLETH,
37,615	11,204	354	278	1,011	2,827	76,381	9	25,425	ARMED,
33,219	44,898	2,042	450	1,011	1,644	1,082	-	21,552	ARMED,
44,419	37,708	4,265	164	6,688	8,035	255,332	456	44,518	ARMED,
25,553	21,988	4,034	252	1,047	43	64	1,203	38,358	ARMED,
-20,975	120,868	3,028	568	1,061	41	-	712	43,453	ARMED,
-11,997	4,825	281	13	1,075	36	74,488	25	12,162	BALDINGHORSE,
37,706	10,784	1,078	23	1,078	215	2,87	100	7,482	BALLOON,
36,523	35,075	4,880	82	1,086	30	18	1,065	31,792	BALLOON,
-25,553	36,435	7,055	156	1,097	155	69	445	18,358	BALLOON,
-18,345	22,240	342	35	1,098	23	26,622	8	16,918	BALMCASTER,
12,219	10,429	4,040	105	1,105	237	1,202	14	21,248	BALMCASTER,
25,259	12,598	564	87	1,106	238	1,202	97	24,268	BALMESTER,
21,119	31,735	2,014	159	1,116	1,126	1,204	42	24,268	BALMESTER,
10,506	7,721	3,089	122	1,123	45	1,241	-	30,964	BALMESTER,
3,325	9,590	617	32	1,125	25	-	-	8,327	BALMESTER,
25,516	15,029	2,075	724	1,127	415	-	-	20,978	BALMESTER,
10,507	8,071	4,228	481	1,137	65	98,181	18	20,444	BALMESTER,
14,843	30,208	3,058	611	1,137	1,051	288	-	12,418	BALMESTER,
5,074	7,411	1,082	95	1,153	1,029	256	123	14,933	BALMESTER,
12,703	1,001	81	81	1,158	15	643	-	28,228	BALMESTER,
10,612	4,468	1,162	135	1,159	911	16,715	36	20,228	BALMESTER,
12,577	1,419	858	156	1,165	245	159	-	12,773	BALMESTER,
11,379	33,204	3,096	149	1,174	245	-	93	12,773	BALMESTER,
26,273	8,294	915	38	1,188	4	42	17	47,009	BALMESTER,
12,798	3,110	1,036	12	1,197	18	31	405	6,216	BALMESTER,
13,385	98,935	2,154	570	1,199	245	-	-	35,954	BALMESTER,
25,764	62,213	1,046	1,089	1,200	212	-	-	35,954	BALMESTER,
25,145	16,235	1,084	39	1,209	25	32,420	38	8,112	BALMESTER,
47,080	2,879	625	32	1,220	22	215	22	44,700	BALMESTER,
25,009	95,129	2,007	572	1,222	238	-	-	17,818	BALMESTER,
55,529	45,423	2,029	412	1,222	267	-	80	38,358	BALMESTER,
25,764	11,021	708	46	1,228	65	5,283	123	14,844	BALMESTER,
25,045	59,061	619	35	1,229	82	102,445	40	18,378	BALMESTER,
14,875	11,511	2,026	49	1,232	89	-	-	36,056	BALMESTER,
14,874	12,627	629	21	1,232	123	10,941	18	16,556	BALMESTER,
26,369	11,251	679	21	1,232	27	27	184	32,156	BALMESTER,
5,569	1,777	1,006	32	1,231	61	641	-	4,485	BALMESTER,
27,049	11,304	2,096	165	1,245	247	10,902	365	32,157	BALMESTER,
8,754	14,504	4,018	213	1,253	40	-	900	25,068	BALMESTER,
22,603	12,273	438	13	1,257	89	85	365	16,576	BALMESTER,
11,104	1,665	1,210	26	1,259	22	-	-	4,523	BALMESTER,
35,718	15,883	2,038	162	1,263	211	-	-	15,384	BALMESTER,
15,804	36,803	2,003	58	1,264	219	20,439	-	36,184	BALMESTER,
16,478	55,478	4,179	1,036	1,265	215	7,201	22	6,267	BALMESTER,
12,412	8,228	955	46	1,265	37	46,024	32	34,123	BALMESTER,
12,412	16,573	2,041	206	1,265	39	-	-	34,123	BALMESTER,
45,243	54,243	1,026	249	1,266	616	12,066	20	31,764	BALMESTER,
27,393	24,802	1,096	31	1,266	449	12,073	27	32,085	BALMESTER,
15,581	24,637	2,004	76	1,265	373	220,304	371	50,019	BALMESTER,
25,044	82,053	2,077	402	1,266	4,506	240	120	23,712	BARRE,
4,137	2,640	903	45	1,266	7	86	15	7,015	BARRE,
16,589	8,341	2,079	109	1,261	341	26	125	50,045	BARRE,
4,745	11,273	2,079	981	1,264	45	-	655	27,087	BARRE,
18,359	4,585	816	10	1,270	9	77	30	8,211	BARRE,
7,012	14,133	2,002	170	1,273	215	-	8	30,665	BARRE,
16,547	2,109	1,209	1,013	1,273	12	14,387	9	25,867	BARRE,
45,179	25,054	2,145	181	1,273	1,128	305,710	125	31,710	BARRE,
22,338	43,181	3,079	289	1,273	1,063	305	-	35,003	BARRE,
37,372	23,045	820	32	1,274	119	785	38	4,718	BARRE,
15,120	6,268	1,026	105	1,275	205	-	73	16,244	BARRE,
5,321	2,060	1,047	530	1,275	-	-	-	15,114	BARRE,
55,785	84,043	2,041	320	1,275	1,023	12,939	-	17,502	BARRE,
31,710	4,971	45	14	1,276	117	12,330	34	1,263	BARRE,
24,059	24,653	2,014	242	1,276	613	157,823	24	57,714	BARRE,
25,412	14,568	4,039	268	1,276	15	-	-	8,347	BARRE,
14,736	6,140	1,003	918	1,276	9,118	1,700	638	11,423	BARRE,
4,511	6,595	2,001	65	1,276	38	-	6	25,667	BARRE,
14,887	24,089	2,024	929	1,276	117	44	1,043	26,519	BARRE,
14,887	17,295	5,486	265	1,276	215	-	-	40,129	BARRE,
20,507	10,987	647	4,412	1,276	215	-	-	20,369	BARRE,
20,641	14,116	1,003	180	1,276	120	27,523	45	27,197	BARRE,
11,323	3,038	4,354	72	1,276	115	203	-	27,215	BARRE,
21,065	8,489	2,036	482	1,276	926	689	64	24,448	BARRE,
20,840	26,610	6,489	41	1,276	109	287	1,065	16,723	BARRE,
20,449	9,645	535	9	1,276	181	20	944	20,204	BARRE,
22,438	7,255	72	25	1,276	125	44	6	26,329	BARRE,
6,268	4,254	1,256	254	1,276	125	22	89	22,398	BARRE,
15,767	21,255	6,897	157	1,276	42	11	102	24,703	BARRE,
12,225	1,241	9,493	27	1,276	107	-	-	12,850	BARRE,
5,013	3,397	393	3	1,276	120	25,718	7	6,138	BARRE,

TABLE IV.—SHOWING, BY POOR LAW UNIONS, THE

POOR LAW UNION.	PRODUCTION							
	CROP, DRAIN, AND FARM.				FISHING			
	WHEAT	RICE	BARLEY	DO.	DO.	FISH	DO.	FISH
GLENAGEE,	462	154,888	71	80	126			
GLENAGHNA,	203	167,538	16,734	23	47			
GLENAGHNA,	445	73,545	100	645	150			
GLENAGHNA,	14,732	84,008	1,826	46	823			
GLENAGHNA,	11,233	114,338	724	43	18			
GLENAGHNA,	164	21,328			439			
GLENAGHNA,	14,173	54,427	1,230	22	18			
GLENAGHNA,	80,487	139,078	50,285	32				
GLENAGHNA,	5,630	14,721	1,270	24	327			
GLENAGHNA,	67	30,780	11,113	35				
GLENAGHNA,	6,740	91,015	712	20	1,858			
GLENAGHNA,	11,740	45,397	1,416					
GLENAGHNA,	57,737	80,791	591					
GLENAGHNA,	11,144	31,792	100	16	1,771			
GLENAGHNA,	11,080	14,045	10,274		47			
GLENAGHNA,	21,580	165,068	742		68			
GLENAGHNA,	14,333	130,651	92	5	26			
GLENAGHNA,	7,785	85,047	17,675		3,250			
GLENAGHNA,	8,840	122,582	20,825	20	124			
GLENAGHNA,	20,820	200,460	369	16	328			
GLENAGHNA,	10,680	137,185	1,002		265			
GLENAGHNA,	4,298	88,226	223	162	359			
GLENAGHNA,	3,510	60,545	15,551	203	1,011			
GLENAGHNA,	2,134	436,164	5,013	173	38			
GLENAGHNA,	3,207	130,033	369	94	1,807			
GLENAGHNA,	4,477	84,277	1,774		294			
GLENAGHNA,	12,235	104,461	5,124	190	181			
GLENAGHNA,	50,301	130,040	718		43			
GLENAGHNA,	15,803	27,134	104		1,343			
GLENAGHNA,	42,555	130,420	5,343					
GLENAGHNA,	630	48,392	23		327			
GLENAGHNA,	16,761	260,054	164,102	16				
GLENAGHNA,	708	109,476	4,860	19	176			
GLENAGHNA,	6,150	45,751	774		74			
GLENAGHNA,	11,294	52,263	23		43			
GLENAGHNA,	3,610	71,584	137	36	579			
GLENAGHNA,	3,692	220,637	381		118			
GLENAGHNA,	1,125	74,730	226		17			
GLENAGHNA,	35,142	180,871	136,876	229	420			
GLENAGHNA,	670	175,980	1,049	33	90			
GLENAGHNA,	27,610	97,280	42,817	158	516			
GLENAGHNA,	1,005	71,209	2,160	55	224			
GLENAGHNA,	1,001	154,173	26,644	93	90			
GLENAGHNA,	4,060	45,189	514	126	52			
GLENAGHNA,	14	31,284	306		8,286			
GLENAGHNA,	26,234	107,145	22,087	34	91			
GLENAGHNA,	16,360	164,121	5,139	63	345			
GLENAGHNA,	180,008	304,211	1,047	32	180			
GLENAGHNA,	50	160,809	2,288	15	328			
GLENAGHNA,	43	215,440	23		35			
GLENAGHNA,	8,644	97,414	1,413		287			
GLENAGHNA,	11,744	130,374	107,093	211	3,143			
GLENAGHNA,	41,981	41,981	3,032	8	123			
GLENAGHNA,	18,771	27,127	4,718		21			
GLENAGHNA,	45,022	160,919	16,869	18	7			
GLENAGHNA,	51,067	61,038	8,411					
GLENAGHNA,	1,010	6,229	11		458			
GLENAGHNA,	4,003	67,712	10,827	463	103			
GLENAGHNA,	8,720	31,547	420		52			
GLENAGHNA,	6,833	160,180	16,413		7			
GLENAGHNA,	22,852	81,450	5,022		738			
GLENAGHNA,	11,156	18,778	8,207	65	856			
GLENAGHNA,	4,299	134,065	1,469		1,473			
GLENAGHNA,	6,076	61,799	121					
GLENAGHNA,	1,003	160,445			160			
GLENAGHNA,	2,079	56,879	268		602			
GLENAGHNA,	27	111,453	461	2	3,269			
GLENAGHNA,	11,961	120,273	30,444	16	633			
GLENAGHNA,	2,622	71,218	13,574	329	1,814			
GLENAGHNA,	13,528	164,018	1,269	21	8			
GLENAGHNA,	282	101,190	102		42			
GLENAGHNA,	1,094	64,430	46,728	15				
GLENAGHNA,	13,380	125,210	5,303	22	1,814			
GLENAGHNA,	7,836	131,262	4,709	23	738			
GLENAGHNA,	8,898	69,055	412		349			
GLENAGHNA,	21,015	148,374	18,002	84	84			
GLENAGHNA,	20,738	75,179	55,484					
GLENAGHNA,	46,073	101,000	16,715					
GLENAGHNA,	1,011	71,020	873		268			
GLENAGHNA,	18,780	122,276	22,706		321			
GLENAGHNA,	17,210	120,047	40,014		18			
TOTAL,	2,361,018	18,702,014	8,200,910	6,380	20,048	102,008	102,000	

## PRODUCE OF THE CROPS.

17

## PRODUCE OF THE CROPS IN THE YEAR 1881—continued.

OF THE SEEDS.

OTHER CROPS.										POOR LAW UNIONS.
Station	Wheat	Rye	Barley	Oats	Cereals	Station	Flax	Rap	Rye	
Stow	14,073	2,264	41	2,653	114	4,059	72	56,749	GRAHAM,	
Stow	36,031	1,675	39	5,675	3,739	9,496	38	7,745	INCHESIDE,	
El. 111	11,048	735	15	1,115	15	4,429	-	10,761	INVERSTOWE,	
El. 107	12,429	2,359	269	3,816	1,292	78	444	46,045	KINTYRE,	
El. 103	10,861	4,110	294	1,345	10	4,569	200	20,389	KILWAIE,	
El. 102	3,860	512	25	3,030	25	4	37	6,022	KINROSS-	
El. 108	16,123	571	93	3,795	30	48,724	-	7,269	KINROSS,	
El. 117	22,743	2,545	178	1,724	391	-	-	56,771	KINROSS-PT.	
El. 102	1,708	2,075	25	811	8	229	-	30,011	KINROSS-SHIRE,	
El. 104	3,234	56	23	146	-	1,061	24	4,098	KINROSS,	
Stow	16,929	1,029	259	3,485	124	342	495	41,158	KINROSS-	
Stow	11,474	4,959	320	595	10	-	-	4,965	KINROSSHILL,	
El. 104	6,862	9,227	260	2,285	25	-	37	23,255	KINMELLION,	
El. 101	16,102	4,933	327	1,585	48	343	-	30,697	KINROSS,	
El. 104	20,491	2,003	422	1,346	911	-	-	8,029	KINROSS,	
El. 104	16,727	513	26	24	1,025	14,937	54	24,727	KINROSS,	
El. 104	27,878	372	14	1,217	40	54,362	-	6,265	KINROSSHILL,	
El. 104	24,871	1,115	100	1,285	79	116,266	31	15,709	KINROSS-PT.	
El. 104	27,718	6,519	269	6,236	72	239	-	15,178	KINROSS-PT.	
El. 104	16,924	1,304	409	2,079	105	34	-	30,564	KINROSS,	
El. 104	25,355	6,119	215	1,678	98	166	21	8,182	KINROSS,	
El. 107	15,407	4,949	111	1,217	40	45,812	7	36,148	KINROSS,	
El. 104	15,334	6,519	209	2,114	98	305	-	44,229	KINROSS,	
El. 104	99,289	4,024	359	4,571	293	38,399	35	15,009	KINROSSHILL,	
El. 104	16,378	2,345	265	2,376	128	8,029	37	32,367	KINROSS,	
El. 104	18,650	2,968	25	1,431	48	183	3,029	34,266	KINROSS,	
El. 104	17,564	2,941	81	3,236	4,078	36,399	158	21,608	KINROSS,	
El. 104	27,350	2,414	165	1,611	124	26,214	22	34,412	KINROSSHILL,	
El. 104	24,543	2,629	207	1,150	1,544	330	-	26,048	KINROSS,	
El. 104	3,864	914	39	3,061	79	569	8	37,709	KINROSSHILL,	
El. 104	28,065	12,053	412	714	3,767	-	-	11,425	KINROSS,	
El. 104	26,107	562	95	9,250	310	21,043	89	6,024	KINROSS,	
El. 104	5,715	1,211	268	1,269	1,020	1,629	-	16,245	KINROSSHILL,	
El. 104	9,068	1,206	81	3,065	39	164	10	21,723	KINROSSHILL,	
El. 104	8,204	2,368	116	2,230	108	5,000	105	26,729	KINROSS,	
El. 104	59,716	5,704	168	3,603	1,415	15,402	349	59,705	KINROSS,	
El. 104	8,735	1,209	34	1,267	104	68	1,815	19,079	KINROSSHILL,	
El. 104	77,489	14,317	282	3,658	219	-	211	28,001	KINROSSHILL,	
El. 104	29,880	6,682	258	1,745	118	68	1,394	45,812	KINROSS,	
El. 104	5,715	2,368	10	1,034	78	415	68	2,249	KINROSS,	
El. 104	77,763	11,109	485	2,385	114	-	-	22,249	KINROSS,	
El. 104	28,067	5,009	230	3,116	205	215,640	16	20,071	KINROSS,	
El. 104	28,113	5,006	200	3,211	181	156,341	165	22,261	KINROSSHILL,	
El. 104	11,318	1,067	125	1,220	115	9,159	91	9,029	KINROSSHILL,	
El. 104	26,384	1,018	45	895	583	127,028	31	24,980	KINROSS,	
El. 104	2,858	918	-	46	-	30	65	2,074	KINROSS,	
El. 104	16,924	1,335	259	1,697	94	38	485	26,280	KINROSS,	
El. 104	14,321	9,028	81	3,841	17	-	87	20,023	KINROSS,	
El. 104	12,503	9,016	167	1,116	134	-	0	16,090	KINROSS,	
El. 104	20,869	9,114	489	1,286	70	-	82	47,061	KINROSS,	
El. 104	15,854	3,735	441	1,029	90	-	-	29,139	KINROSS,	
El. 104	11,459	919	29	1,421	49	540	780	30,714	KINROSS,	
El. 104	37,250	4,026	411	1,502	85	-	-	26,024	KINROSS,	
El. 104	6,594	9,174	235	9,195	91	47	120	32,020	KINROSS,	
El. 104	30,895	4,174	233	1,062	92	-	-	22,487	KINROSS,	
El. 104	11,216	21,003	87	5,286	1,814	4,903	85	26,374	KINROSS,	
El. 104	7,326	8,026	28	3,621	127	46	31	7,269	KINROSS,	
El. 104	18,034	2,026	148	8,036	78	365	-	49,957	KINROSS,	
El. 104	84,217	4,388	151	4,880	559	164,319	26	33,158	KINROSS,	
El. 104	22,824	1,076	8	924	839	51,002	-	18,433	KINROSS,	
El. 104	8,006	1,276	9	785	-	-	-	26,723	KINROSSHILL,	
El. 104	11,613	1,311	8	7,139	216	3,036	12	12,185	KINROSSHILL,	
El. 104	20,720	5,441	113	9,283	201	-	-	10,257	KINROSSHILL,	
El. 104	6,694	4,421	108	2,001	102	-	-	27,567	KINROSSHILL,	
El. 104	17,747	3,961	124	4,060	12	54	-	51,021	KINROSSHILL,	
El. 104	15,649	3,561	100	2,225	85	783	6	15,487	KINROSSHILL,	
El. 104	21,729	18,019	251	9,290	148	285	120	41,251	KINROSSHILL,	
El. 104	5,042	5,607	507	1,483	815	-	-	21,380	KINROSSHILL,	
El. 104	11,203	5,213	171	1,089	343	192	3,050	24,244	KINROSSHILL,	
El. 104	11,493	2,028	254	1,284	79	45	10	17,200	KINROSSHILL,	
El. 104	48,781	7,829	268	1,112	366	-	1,672	22,478	KINROSSHILL,	
El. 104	33,052	1,797	26	3,204	38	-	-	16,097	KINROSSHILL,	
El. 104	25,128	9,813	704	1,268	221	-	-	16,095	KINROSSHILL,	
El. 104	5,483	708	55	25,37	78	614	37	16,081	KINROSSHILL,	
El. 104	16,924	10,819	1,438	25,26	273	87	4	33,087	KINROSSHILL,	
El. 104	20,190	8,758	791	3,716	1,075	-	-	9,133	KINROSSHILL,	
£,423,500	1,020,946	601,202	37,222	279,015	96,129	4,023,936	33,014	1,080,824	TOTAL	

## OBSERVATIONS

OF THE

SUB-INSPECTORS OF THE ROYAL IRISH CONSTABULARY AND OF THE  
INSPECTORS OF THE METROPOLITAN POLICE,  
WHO ACTED AS SUPERINTENDENTS OF THE AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS,IN REPLY TO A CIRCULAR DATED OCTOBER 31st, 1851, ON THE PROBABLE CAUSE TO WHICH THE GOOD  
OR BAD YIELD OF THE VARIOUS CROPS IN EACH OF THEIR DISTRICTS MAY BE ATTRIBUTED.PROVINCE OF  
LEINSTER.

**CARLOW COUNTY.** *Ballyedmond D.*—The yield of the several crops grown in this district this year, has been very good, both in quantity and quality, which, in my opinion, is to be attributed to a favourable season and the sowing of imported seeds. The turnip crop is not good, owing to the frost in the month of June cutting it away, and causing it to be sown a second time in many places. The hay crop is not so good as usual, owing to the want of rain in the month of May. The Champions and Marquis Beaufort are the only kinds of potato that have withstood the disease. The two-thirds of every other kind are black, owing to the wet unseasonable weather in month of August. *Carlow D.*—The cultivation and manuring of the land in which crops were sown in this district this year was in part with such preparations as last and former years. From the particular inquiries I have made from farmers, I gather that the yield in respect of each kind of crop grown this year can be attributed to the influence of the season during the growth, maturity, and ripening of each particular crop. As to oats, wheat, for instance, yielded vastly in excess of last year; in oats and barley the yield was inferior, but the grain was good. Of oats, potatoes this year were fully equal in produce as compared with last year, and better in quality. Turnips and mangolds were much below the average of last year, and deterioration having been attributed to their not having received sufficient moisture in the earlier stages of their growth, and too much of it in the maturing stages. The deterioration in hay this year has been ascribed to the last mentioned cause.

**DEALY COUNTY.** *Ballyragget D.*—The good yield, of every crop this year in this district, is owing to the favourable spring and summer weather. *Bladbrook D.*—From inquiry made from the principal farmers in the several electoral divisions in this district, I find the crops in general were good and beyond the average of former years. All the farmers agree in attributing the great increase in potatoes, more especially the Champions, to the new seed. All the lands under crops in this district were well intended to, and the ground was kept clean and free from weeds of all kinds. *Glentar D.*—In general the various crops are good, which is attributable to good tillage, manure, and a favourable harvest. *Dunmore D.*—The general yield has been good, owing to the favourable weather of the past season. *Lismore D.*—The reason of the different crops being so good this year is, in my opinion, attributable in a great degree to the favourable state of the weather during the sowing and harvesting. The potato crop has been very good in quantity and quality, the Champion and Marquis being very superior. The blight has not, up to this, made its appearance to any considerable extent. *Hanlyne D.*—The produce is much better this year than last, except the hay crop, which is not at all so good, in consequence

of the very dry and cold month of May. Another reason given for the light crop of hay this year is, that the people allowed their cattle to feed too long on the meadows before drawing them off. The potatoes are better in quantity and size, owing to better care in the setting of the seed in the ground. The people say they set the seed thinner this year than last, hence a better yield is the result for the present year. *Sunderfield D.*—There was no wheat sown in this district for the year 1851, but the oats, barley, beans, pea, cabbage, turnip, and mangold, are good crops, and above the average of last year. The hay was also a good fair crop, and well saved. The potato crop, including the several sorts cultivated, may be called an abundant crop, and much beyond the average yield of last year. The farmers in the district say, as a general rule, that all their crops are better than last year, which they attribute to the goodness of the season.

**KILDARE COUNTY.**  *Athy D.*—The rates of produce, generally speaking, are good, probably owing to a favourable harvest and good weather. *Kildare D.*—Referring to the excellent crop of potatoes, I think it is mainly due to the fact that Champions were principally sown. Oats was also above the average, the early rains assisting the growth spring up, and at the turning point the hot sun completed the ripening. Turnips not as good as usual. In many cases the first sowing missed, owing to dry weather, and it was rather late when the second sowing was completed. The same remarks apply to mangolds. Wheat and fax not cultivated in this district. Barley above the average. The hay crop very heavy, but a large quantity damaged through heavy rains while being made up. *Nass D.*—Potato crop is generally considered not so good as last year, owing to old seed. Corn is good, owing to fresh seed. Turnips poor, owing to "the fly." Hay not good, owing to dry weather in May, and too much rain after that month. *Robertswood D.*—The yield of the several crops this year is good, which is to be attributed to the favourable season. The potato in particular is an excellent crop, and free from disease, especially the "Champions."

**KILKENNY COUNTY.** *Callan D.*—The good yield of the various crops in this locality must be attributed to the fine weather. *Condover D.*—There has been an abundant yield of all crops in this district, attributable, in my opinion, to the very favourable season. *Kilkenny D.*—The average produce of crops was good, owing to the favourable season. *Pitton D.*—I consider the crops in this district have been fair for present year, with the exception of the turnip crop, which is below the average of the past years, owing to dry weather when the crop was sown. This caused some of the seed to fail, and it had to be sown over again, thus causing the crop to be late. *Thomastown D.*—The rates of produce are generally good, and may be

attributed to the favourable season, and especially in the potato to good seed of an improved description. The hay is not so good, owing to the dry weather at the commencement of the summer, and the same may be said of turnips.

KEN'S COUNTY. *Faversham D.*—As a general rule, all crops are better this year on account of the good season; in fact, everything seemed to be as people wished. The Champion potato was a great success. They turned out better than any kind in the memory of the oldest man in this district. *Faversham D.*—The produce of the crops in this district this year has been generally good, which may be attributed to the fine season. *Sheerness D.*—I am unable to give any definite reason for the seemingly good yield of the several crops, if not caused by the favourable weather and the land having given but a bad yield last year. *Sheerness D.*—The abundant yield of the various crops this year, is to be attributed to the unusually favourable weather during the spring, summer, and autumn. It has been the best harvest known for many years. The potato crop all through the country is splendid, an immense yield, and the tubers large and sound.

LORNE COAST. *Ballymoney D.*—The cause of the good yield of produce this season, is that the year was favourable to all crops, particularly the potato crop, which is very good; the cause may be attributed to the importation of the new seed called Champion. *Gosport D.*—I consider that the large increase in the potato crop is principally caused by the fact of the Champion potato, which was most extensively sown, being an excellent seed potato, and yielding a larger crop than other kinds. *Longford D.*—I attribute the more than average yield to the fine atmospheric weather, and to the fact that new seed was so largely used.

LOUTH COUNTY. *Ardes D.*—The crops in this district gave rather better than an average yield, which I attribute to a favourable season, and new seed potatoes. *Douglas D.*—All crops in this district are much above the average, especially potatoes. I attribute this to the suitable weather for the growth and saving of the different crops, as also the distribution through the country of imported seed during year 1880. *Dundalk D.*—The good yields of all crops in this district this season, may be attributed to good seed and fine weather.

MATHUR COUNTY. *Ashley D.*—The crops of this district are, I believe, this year, much above the average. This, especially, applies to the crops of potatoes and oats, and I believe, is attributable to the weather being favourable, and in the case of potatoes to the importation of new seed into the country. Owing to the latter part of the summer being wet, the oats had to be harvested considerably earlier, and extra labour was required to save them. The lateness of the harvest added to the difficulty of saving it, owing to the shortness of the days and dew and frost at night. The farmers in this county appear to me to endeavour to save their crops by their own labour and the labour of the members of their families, and to avoid, as far as possible, employing labourers. This is to save the cost of the labourers' wages, but it appears to me that in many cases they lose more than they gain in this way, by the damage sustained to their hay and corn, from being exposed to the weather in the fields for months after being cut. *Dunmarnaghlin D.*—I beg to state the crops seem a good average yield. *Eels D.*—Wheat is not so prolific as in former years, owing, it is believed, to the very moist weather in summer last. Oats is a somewhat better crop than last year's, the favourable weather in August and September last having ripened it satisfactorily. The introduction of new seeds—particularly "Champion"—supplies the reason why the potato crop is better than in former years; the dry weather accounts for the good produce of other sorts formerly grown,

except "White Rocks" and Scotch Downs, these being considered declining in this country. Turnips are not considered of an average, the fly of June last having made ravages on the young plants. Mangel-wurzel is not either of an average, as it is believed a grub injured the plants when young. The quantity of hay is good but the quality of it is not, as the unfavourable summer weather has tended to interfere exceedingly with its saving. *Nasen D.*—The crops in general are good this year, especially the potato, which may be attributed to the favourable weather. *Stans D.*—All crops in this district were unusually good during this year, owing to benign weather and an improved quality of seed. *Tivon D.*—The grain and potato crops are much better this season than last, owing to a more favourable season; also as regards potatoes in consequence of the "Champion" seed being generally used. This potato does better in a damp season. Turnips, mangold, carrots, are worse than last year, owing to the wet. Hay was a fairly abundant crop, but owing to the great rains a considerable quantity was lost in saving, so that there is less good hay in the country than last year.

QUEEN'S COUNTY. *Athy D.*—The potato crop this year was very abundant owing principally to the general planting of the "Champion" seed. The increase in all other crops is attributed to the early spring and favourable harvest of this year, compared with last. *Ballyliney D.*—From general inquiry and observation, the produce of the different crops in the various electoral divisions in this district is considered good this season on all farms that have received good or reasonable attention. This is principally attributable to the favourable seasons during the spring, summer, and harvest of the present year, and, particularly in the potato crop, to the general introduction of new seed. *Maryborough D.*—I am of opinion that there is a very good crop all round in the country, and that it is to be attributed to a favourable season, and, in the case of potatoes, to improved seed. *Moanstrath D.*—There was a good yield of all kinds of crops, which I attribute to the generally favourable season Providence vouchsafed us.

WESTMEATH COUNTY. *Ballymoney D.*—The weather being very favourable, on the whole, during the past season was the cause to which the comparative good yield of the various crops may be attributed. With regard to the extraordinary good yield of the Champion potatoes, it was doubtless owing to the peculiar quality of the seed, besides being new and good. The yield of turnips being rather inferior was probably in consequence of the month of June being wet. *Cashipollard D.*—The general good yield of all crops is to be attributed to the good season we have had—the weather both in spring and harvest being exceptionally favourable to farmers. *Deelin D.*—The season has been on the whole favourable for the growth of various crops, except mangold-wurzel, which is somewhat lower than the general average; but the other crops, especially the potatoes, have given a very good yield. This is (I think) owing to the use of good seed. *Ellaghey D.*—Oats and barley are considered fair average crops, which may be attributed to the fairness of the season. Hay is also a good crop, owing to the same cause. There is very little wheat grown in this district. Potatoes are most abundant, owing to the improved class of seed "Champion" which are now in general use. Turnips and mangold are not good, having been cut away by frost and sharp winds in the growing season. The failure may also be attributed to bad seed. *Mullingar D.*—On the whole this has been a very favourable season for the crops in this district. The yield of potatoes has been exceedingly good, which may be attributed partly to favourable weather and also to judicious selections of seed. The hay crop is very abundant, but, owing to heavy rain just at the time of saving, really good hay is somewhat scarce and dear. The oat crop is abundant, and roots

Parishes or  
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are well up to the average. *Merton D.*—The probable cause for the good yield of the various crops may be attributed to the favourable season and the good seed.

*WIGAN COUNTRY, LANCASHIRE D.*—Wheat a light crop and bad grain, from want of sufficient sun-shine and heat at the proper time. Barley also a bad grain from same cause, and not more of it than the half suitable for malting purposes. Oats—the only other grain crop sown in the district—is a good crop, from the season having been more favourable for it than the other grain crops. Potatoes a good and abundant crop, most of them are disease-free, nearly one-half in some places—but the "Champions" have scarcely been affected by the blight. The green crops—turnips, mangold-wurzel, carrots, cabbages, &c., are all good, from the favourable nature. *Gosport D.*—The wheat crop this season is very bad—better than it has been. There has been less sown than heretofore, and what was sown was put in good soil. The soil is better than it has been for years. The wet summer appears to have favoured it. The grain is friable, and the crop appears to have escaped the blight or blight which formerly affected it. Barley fared similarly. The beet crop was very bad. It is always planted on wet "manly" ground, and the summer rains have seriously injured it. Potatoes are a good average crop, but not at all up to last year's. The yield is very good, but a very large proportion is black. The "Champions" and Marquis Boucicault escaped best, but more than half of the Scotch Dales are black or ruined away to the ground. From careful observation I have formed the opinion that the only means of guarding against or diminishing the ravages of the blight, is by constant change of seed, and I have little doubt that in a few years the Champions will suffer as much as the Scotch Dales. The yield of green crops is below the average.

I attribute this to the want of fine weather in the end of summer. Hay was a good crop in general, but varied very much in place. *New Ross D.*—The good yield in all the crops may be attributed to the favourable weather during the spring and harvest. *Taylors D.*—Most crops in my district were good. Hay was light as early months of year were dry. Fair numbers clean harvest, as a rule, good. *Wrexham D.*—The crops have been, on the whole, fairly satisfactory. Potatoes are abundant and cheap. I have no particular observation to offer.

*WICKLOW CONVENT, ASHLEY D.*—The yield of the various crops in this district was, as the whole, good, which is to be attributed to the season having been favourable to the growth of crops. *Dundalk D.*—I beg to state the Champions are the only good potato crop in this district, the summer setting in wet and they being a late potato. The oat crop got blighted in many places owing to the wetness of the summer, and it was shown bad in quality in consequence. The hay has been an inferior crop, the summer being very wet, it was in many places damaged before being saved. All other crops are fair. *Tinahely D.*—The increase in the yield of the crops was caused by the favourable season and the good quality of the seed used. *Wicklow D.*—With reference to the yield of crops in the several electoral divisions in this district, wheat, oats, and barley are considered a good crop, owing to the favourable season. Turnips and mangold-wurzel are a bad yield, a kind of lump has grown on the roots of the turnip, and they have been cut away by the fly. Hay is light owing to the drought which prevailed in the early summer. Potatoes have been considered very good, especially the good imported seed called "Champion." Farmers are well pleased with the yield of all crops this season.

PROVINCE OF  
MUNSTER.

*CLARE COUNTY, MULLINGAR D.*—There is an increase in the produce of the potato crop, which is probably owing to use of the Champion, and other foreign seeds. In the oat crop there is also an increase in the produce, which is probably owing to the introduction of fresh foreign seeds, as well as in the early part of the season being moist, and thereby favouring good vegetation. The other grain crops, such as barley and wheat, do not show any increase in this district. *Nenagh D.*—The yield of various crops this year has been fairly good, and may be attributed to the weather. *Elphin D.*—Owing to the frost in June last the potatoes in many places were injured, but the people had now seed, and as the whole, the yield has been good and the quality fair. Wheat, barley, oats, and turnips good in yield and quality, as the season was favourable, and for the same reason the mangold-wurzel is good also. *Kilkenny D.*—The large yield of potatoes is owing to the introduction of "Champion" seed, and the season being dry. Cabbage was almost a complete failure, for which I am unable to give a cause. The small yield of wheat is owing to the quality of the land, which is light and unfit for the growth of that crop. *Kilkeel D.*—There was a good yield of crops in this district, owing to the favourable season we have had. *Sligo D.*—Cereals were almost without exception good crops, chiefly owing to the weather being so favourable for sowing and gathering in the harvest. Turnips and mangold-wurzel were bad crops. The abundance of rain produced such luxuriant tops as to lessen the ripening effect of the sun. Potatoes were an extremely good crop, chiefly owing to the introduction of the new seed "Champion," which were extraordinarily abundant and good.

*COUNTY CORK, E.R., Ballymote D.*—All the crops were above the average, except hay, which was very short, in consequence of the want of rain during the early

part of the season. *Clonmel D.*—The yield generally in this district has been good, owing to a very fair season—particularly the potato crop. As regards the latter, besides a favourable season, a good description of seed was extensively used by the farmers. *Cork, North D.*—The inferiority of the crops generally in this district this year as compared with those of last year is attributed by the farmers to the cold, heavy weather prevailing in the early part of the season, and abnormally wet harvest following. Most crops, however, compare favourably with those of preceding years, except the last. *Cork South D.*—The yield of crops has been generally good throughout the district. The hay was light, owing to want of rain in May, and a good deal of the crop was not well saved, owing to heavy rate of cutting time. The early potato crop yielded better this year than last, owing to absence of frost during month of May. The mangold and turnips suffered from heavy rain and little sunshine. The generally good yield may be attributed to improved tillage, good manuring where required, and a favourable season. *Ferns D.*—The crops in this locality—with an exception—have been abundant. The exception I allude to is the early hay crop which was much under the average yield on account of the drought during the spring and early summer. *Kinsale D.*—There has been no failure in any of the crops in my district, but as the contrary, there has been a very fine and plentiful yield, which, added to the favourable weather, has made the harvest of 1881 a remarkable one. *Wexford D.*—In consequence of the very dry season the hay crop is short, the other crops are about the average. A good deal of the corn was injured in the sowing. *Mallow D.*—Owing to the generally favourable harvest weather, the yield has been good. *Midleton D.*—The crops on the whole in this district have been beyond the average this year, owing to the fine weather before and after harvest. Potatoes good,

Bailey, which is the principal crop here, not so good, but I cannot assign any reason. *Abbeyleix D.*—I beg to say that in the case of the potato crop the great increase in produce is attributable in the first instance, to change of seed, and secondly to early digging in this part of the country. *Quarantine D.*—Wheat, oats, and barley have been in general a good crop, and the yield above the average. This may be attributed to a dry early season, and favourable harvesting weather. The harvest here is much earlier than in more northern localities. The potato crop was good, chiefly owing to the improved quality of seed. Turnips and mangolds were an inferior crop, the weather was dry at and after the time of sowing, from this cause, and also from the flies, the crop had in many cases to be sown a second time. Hay has in this district been a bad crop, the weather was too dry and harsh to fix much spring in the grass. *Tynglaf D.*—The probable cause to which the good yield of most crops this year is to be attributed was the seasonableness of the weather. The hay is below the average from the fact of the early showers having suffered from drought, and the very late onset from rain. The root crop stands rather below the average size, owing to the fact of the growing season for these crops not having been what farmers call a "stepping one," on which account the potato crop is good, as it grows best in dry seasons.

**CORK COUNTY.** *W.B., Bandon D.*—The small crop of hay was caused by the dry weather in May, which not only very much decreased the yield of the rye grass hay that is cut in June, but even affected the old meadowing which had a longer time to recover. I have made very careful inquiry into the great differences in the yield of potatoes in the various electoral divisions, and had further inquiries made in many instances, and am still not satisfied, with the results, but I can do no more. The most intelligent farmers have been asked to give their best consideration to the matter, and have said it carefully pointed out that the average is weighted not the crops on the richest and best farmed land. Of course the average quality of the land in the different electoral divisions varies greatly. It will be noticed that everywhere the Champion potato gives the best crop, and further I gather that newly imported seed gives a larger yield than where it has been two or three years in the country. This is an important fact that cannot be too generally circulated. In some cases it will be seen that the weight per acre of wheat is greater than of oats, if this was a normal state of things, of course only wheat would be grown as it is 10 per cent. higher in price weight for weight. This is explained by the fact that in some of the divisions of the district, only a very few acres of wheat are grown, and that only on the richest land, while oats are put into the poorest, and oats and barley into the medium. *Bantry D.*—It appears the wheat was injured by bad weather. The oats in many cases was injured by wet, also the potato crop. The turnips and mangolds are good. *Castletown Bere D.*—The produce in this poor locality is variable. In some places the land is very poor. *Crossbally D.*—The cause of the increase in all crops as shown by annexed returns is entirely owing to the goodness of the season. *Dunguaire D.*—Potatoes were good, chiefly owing to improved seed. The return of other crops was large, but owing to the wetness of the season, the quality was not very good, except in the case of turnips. *Affaneen D.*—The good yield of the various crops in the several electoral divisions in the district is attributable to the favourable weather, and the potato crop, together with the favourable weather, also to change of seed. Hay is a short crop in consequence of the dry summer. *St. Léonard D.*—The rates of produce in this district are, on the whole, average. Where they are under it the cause is unfavourable climatic condition. A factor constant in every year is, generally speaking,

a bad style of farming. In many places deep tillage is impracticable, but even where practicable it is rarely practised, and I estimate a general deficiency of yield of 10 per cent. in every crop on this account alone. Careful weeding is hardly ever practised, for instance, in potato fields before sowing. After the harvest is gathered the ridges are completely sodded over with weeds and natural grasses, there need be a great loss from this cause. Feed or when cut and left in oats and potatoes is a frequent cause of deficiency in the staple produce. Dairy farming is largely practised, and the butter is brought to market in large almost as it comes from the cows—it is the majority of cases it is "slashed" in water to take up as much water and get rid of as little milk as possible. The consequence is that for the first few days the butter has an agreeable, slightly cheesy flavour, but soon becomes repulsive. The dairy farmers lose in price more than they gain in weight at the highest market price in Skibbereen is that of third quality in Cork. *Skibbereen D.*—Having made useful inquiry, I beg to report that the rates of produce in this district were in general fully equal to and in most cases above the usual average, except the wheat crop which was deficient in quantity and inferior in quality, owing to the almost incessant inclemency of rains.

**KERRY COUNTY.** *Gaterville D.*—The yield of the different crops in this district is about the same this year as what it was in 1880, except potatoes. I consider it is a better crop than last year; any failure in crops is to be attributed to a wet summer and want of heat. *Grange D.*—The yield of crops in the several electoral divisions is good, owing to the favourable season. In a few instances the yield is not so good, the soil, &c., being very poor. *Ballycotton D.*—The crops in this district have, on the whole, been very good this year. The Champion potatoes have been a great success where sown on what is called "heven," i.e., pasture tilled, but where sown on plough-land they have been to a great measure affected with the disease. I have inquired and I find that the probability is that the tilled land is too rich for the Champion. With regard to oats, &c., the crops would have been better had there been finer weather in the summer months. A good deal of oats and wheat was beaten down by the rain and wind. *Reserve D.*—Almost the only crops grown in this district are potatoes, oats, and hay. There was a good yield of potatoes this year, which I attribute to a favourable season and the importation of the Champion seed. The crop was also very free from disease. The crops of oats and hay were fully up to the average, which I also attribute to a favourable season. *Lislaughton D.*—I consider the difference in the produce of the various electoral divisions in this district, may be attributed to the good or bad soil of the divisions, as well as the kind of seed used by the farmers, and the increased produce of the potato crop I attribute to the introduction and extensive planting of the Champion seed potato. *Turk's D.*—I attribute the good yield generally to the past favourable seasons. The large potato crop is, in my opinion, chiefly owing to good seed; wherever the Champion was sown a good yield was obtained.

**LEINSTER COUNTY.** *Adare D.*—I attribute the good yield in all crops this year part to the fine and seasonable weather during both seed-time and harvest. The extraordinary yield in potatoes and excellence of the quality is, I believe, entirely due to the change in seed, introduced by the operation of the "Seed Act" and the Duchy of Marlborough's Fund, &c., within the past two seasons. *Bryd D.*—The superior yield of the potato crop this year is attributable to the super-sized the farmers had from the former year's crop. I do not think the other crops are much better this year than what they have been for the last few years, but they have been better and more easily sown, owing to the fine weather. *Alflasses D.*—The farmers in this district attribute the good yield in potatoes to the

PARTITION OF  
RESOURCES.

fact that it is mostly all Chempions they sow. With regard to other crops, there is no appreciable difference between the yield of this and last year. As this is mostly all potato land, and farmers rely on hatter making, there is no alternative *post to say crop* except to the potato crop. *Limerick, East, D.*—The cereal crops have been generally good. In some cases the heavy rains in the early part of the season caused a rather dampish straw crop, and somewhat injured the firmness of the grain, and in some cases lodged the corn. The turnip crop is not up to the average, owing to too much rain after time of sowing, and the mangold crop is deficient owing to a late frost. The hay crop was generally good, but much of it was badly cured. *Newcastle, D.*—The good yield of potatoes this year is, as far as I can tell, owing to the change of seed, with the old class of seed we were not. As regards other crops, I believe that the yield, either good or bad, is owing to the quality of the land in which the seed is set; also the knowledge on the part of the farmers in cultivating the soil which, in some districts, is very limited. *New Dublin, D.*—The yield in every description of crops has been above the average in this district this year. The potato crop exceptionally good. I attribute the increase in general crops to the favourable season following after such bad season, during which the ground only yielded a partial crop, and was consequently in a better condition to yield a good crop when a favourable season came. To this I would add, as regards the potato crop, the great improvement in the quality of the seed—the Chempions proving a great success. *Bandon, D.*—The yield of the various crops (corn and grain) in this district has been good this year, which I believe may be attributed to the very favourable season we have had.

**TIPPERARY COUNTY, N.E. Ballykilcline, D.**—All crops have had a fair average yield this year, except the repeated mangolds, which are miserably bad crop here. Potatoes of all kinds are remarkably good in yield, but the Chempions are not considered a good crop; the yield is enormous, but the tubers are not sound, and all the large ones are lost in the market. *Abbeyleix, D.*—The good yield of the various crops in the electoral divisions in the above district are, in my opinion, to be attributed to the favourable season. There has been a most abundant crop of potatoes, chiefly of the kind known as "Chempions." The importation of this crop has led into the country has been, no doubt, the chief cause of the good yield. Mangolds did not do so well this year about here, and I observed the latter had a withered look everywhere, owing to the attack of a fly. *Nenagh, D.*—The crops of all kinds are, I believe, very good indeed, and well saved, except some of the late hay, which was more or less injured by the wet. Potatoes are very plentiful, good and cheap. Oats is also more plentiful than last year. The season was, on the whole, exceptionally fine for saving the harvest. I believe there is a great deal more produce in the country this year than any other year, and mostly well saved. *Succur, D.*—The yield of potatoes is over the average, and this is attributable to the new seed which was so extensively sown through the country. *Templemore, D.*—The potato crop in this district has been a very good one, owing principally to the introduction of new seed—the Chempions—last year. The grain crop has been about the average of other years—fairly good. The other green crops have been also fair. The hay crop, though a fair yield, would have been better but for the unfavorable weather at the usual time of sowing it. *Thurles, D.*—The good yield is attributed to the favourable weather, except with few as regards the potato crop) the almost general use of the "Champion" seed, which has been found much more productive than the seed heretofore used.

**TIPPERARY COUNTY, S.E. Ballykelly, D.**—The potato crop this year has been the best in my recollection, and I consider that in most localities the

produce must have been at least twelve tons of sound potatoes per Irish acre, and in poor land at least ten tons per acre. When riding through my district I paid particular attention to the potato crop as it was being dug out, and saw no crop which was under at least eight tons per Irish acre. Chempions were the principal crop sown. I have heard farmers generally stating that the wheat crop this year was very good, and it must have been a very much better crop than appears by the returns. I notice that the average return of this crop gives for the electoral division of Drangan, is lower than that of any other electoral division in the district, with one or two exceptions, while I am aware that the land in the neighbourhood of Drangan is most suitable for the growth of wheat. The oat crop this year was very fine. I think, on good land a fair average would be, at least 33 to 40 cwt. per Irish acre, and on bad land 24 cwt. per acre. The turnips and mangold crop are, in my opinion, a bad crop this year, in some places almost amounting to a failure. The hay crop generally throughout the district averaged 3½ tons per Irish acre, though on some old meadow it was a much heavier crop. That portion of the crop which was cut early is fairly saved, but there is a great deal of damaged hay throughout the district. The weather for harvesting operations was generally bad, and the storms did a great deal of damage. Owing to the constant rain, however, barley suffered considerably, and few prime samples are to be had. I have also heard many large millowners, &c., say that the Irish wheat this year is damp and soft, which is accounted for by the wet harvest. *Cahir, D.*—Hay crop was slight here this year owing to a very long continuance of dry parching weather in the spring time; but the season was, however, most favourable for everything. All other crops were unusually good. *Corrig-on-the-Bar, D.*—The return of all green crops has been very fair in this locality, and little destruction has been caused by fly. The growth was somewhat retarded by late frost; but, taking crops generally, there has been more than an average yield, owing to a favourable spring. Potatoes are an abundant and healthy crop, though they also suffered from late frost. Hay has been a good average crop; though the period for ripening was not till that could be desired, but, owing to showers, weather, it was a most difficult crop to save. The same remark would equally apply to oats. Wheat appears to have been a fairly good crop. *Cratloe, D.*—The cereal crop was quite good, though much barley was damaged by continuous sun when ripe. The best crop light, the lamb dry weather in spring not being conducive to its growth; and the turnip crop was in many instances almost completely destroyed by the ravages of the fly. The hay crop suffered from want of general growing weather in April and May, and was consequently a bad crop, both as regards quantity and quality, as excessive wet destroyed much of it. Potato crop a splendid one; the supply of good seed issued under Poor Supply Act, has shown its effect in producing a plentiful yield; a great contrast to the miserable crop obtained when the farmers generally used deteriorated seed. *Glasson, D.*—The crops in this district have generally proved good; owing, doubtless, to the favourable season. *Dundrum, D.*—The increase in the potato crop is attributable to the good seed—Chempions—and the favourable weather in the months of May, June, and July, which, in my opinion, has had a good effect on all crops. The potato and oats crops have exceeded expectation. I have never seen so many plots of potatoes. Potatoes differ as to the turnip crop, but I think they are a good holding crop. *Tyrecross, D.*—The land in this district is chiefly in pasture, and very little tillage is carried on. There was a copious yield of the crops sown, which I attribute to the very favourable weather for sowing, during the spring, summer, and harvest seasons, and the yield of potatoes has, no doubt, been greatly increased by the general sowing of "Champions."

**WATERFORD COUNTY.** *Cappoquin D.*—The good yield is attributable—first, to the favourable season; second, good seed and more careful cultivation. *Ballymote B.*—The average produce in this district during past harvest is considered good, owing in a great measure to the favourable weather, and in the case of the potato crop, to the importation of new seed, which has resisted the blight much better than

the old descriptions which have been planted during past years. *Portlaoise D.*—The good yield of the various crops I attribute to the favourable season; and as regards potatoes, particularly to the use of the new seed. *Waterford D.*—The good yield of the various crops in this district may be attributed to the favourable season, during which crops did not suffer from excessive moisture nor excessive drought.

PROVINCE OF MUNSTER

### PROVINCE OF ULSTER.

PROVINCE OF ULSTER

**ANTRIM COUNTY.** *Ardclinch D.*—The fair yield may, I believe, be attributed to the generally favourable weather. *Ballymena B.*—The yield of the oats crop is fair, and much the same as previous seasons. There is a considerable increase in the yield of potatoes, owing partly to the dry seed time and the coldness of the season (which prevented disease), but chiefly to the planting of new kinds of seed. There is a decrease in yield of turnips and flax, due to the former crop having been injured by flies, and the latter by frost in the early part of the season, and the absence of general warmth afterwards. There is an increase in hay, owing to the dampness of the season. The other crops are not extensively grown in the locality. *Ballymoney D.*—The good yield of potatoes this year is considered by some to be owing to the absence of the blight, which has been very slight this year, and later than in past years. Where there is a deficiency in any of the other crops, it is generally attributed to the wet season. Throughout this district there is general praise of the potato crop, which some attribute to the new seed, imported during the past few years, and the absence of the early frost this season. *Ballymena North D.*—The crops in this district, which are of little importance, were above the average, which is attributed to a good season. *Belfast South D.*—The cause of the good yield of the potato crop is the use of the "Champion" and other good sorts of seed. The several crops were a good deal injured by the wet larva, and also the hay crop. *Currybridge D.*—The yield in this district was above the average this year, which may be attributed to the favourable weather which prevailed during the spring and harvest. *Glenarm D.*—The good yield of all the crops in this district is principally owing to favourable weather, both in the spring and autumn. In looking over the returns I find that in potatoes the best yield has been from "Champion" seed, which has only been used in this district last spring. The worst yield seems to be in "White Rock," a seed which I think is nearly worn out. In all the other crops the yield has been much better than in former years, which I think may be attributed to favourable weather.

**ARMAGH COUNTY.** *Armagh D.*—In reference to the increase in the average produce of crops in this district, I have to state, after careful inquiry, I find it is attributable principally to two causes, viz.:—the favourable season, the weather being far froming above average we have had for the last six years; and in the second place to the importation of the "Champion" potatoes, which causes a great increase in the average of this crop in this locality. *Larne D.*—With regard to the crops in this locality, I have to state that they were more than an average last season, with the exception of mangolds, which suffered from a grub. The hay was not as well saved as usual, owing to the wet, but the hay seed gave a good return; as much as £17 per acre being made of the seed alone. Its cultivation in other parts of the country would repay the farmers. *Navy D.*—The crops are above the average yield, except hay, which was light. The former attribute the good yield of potatoes to the "Champion" seed. *Nastleton/Lisnaford D.*—The good yield is attributable to some good weather in June, which greatly helped the crops; and also to the superior seed used, particularly the potato

seed. *Portadown D.*—The abundant yield of past harvest is in my judgment attributable to the favourable season in regard to weather, but is also largely due to the good and new seed supplied by Government during past two years.

**CAVAN COUNTY.** *Ballymacash D.*—Crops of all kinds—except turnips—have been exceptionally good as regards yield. The probable cause of this is not to be found in a more enlightened cultivation, nor increased energy upon the part of cultivators. It is mainly due to accident—the Irish accident of good harvest weather. *Ballyglassiff D.*—The general good yield of all the crops in the several electoral divisions in my district this year, is mainly attributable to the exceptional good spring and harvest weather, which is of the utmost importance to cereal crops in this district, as the land is, generally speaking, wet, clayey, and not of a porous nature. As to the potato crop, the yield has been unusually good, and this fact I attribute to the almost universal introduction into this district of the seed of the "Champion." *Ballyglassiff D.*—There is an excellent crop of potatoes (especially Champions) in this district. Oats is a very fair crop. There is very little wheat in this district. Turnips and mangolds in general have turned out a fair crop, but there are portions of the district in which these articles have not done well. Meadows—although in some instances light, have, I believe, turned out better than was at first expected, owing to the favourable change in the weather. Flax is a good crop. The introduction of new seed potatoes has largely contributed to make this crop a very good one, and the good season has helped to increase the yield of all crops. *Cavan D.*—On the whole, the various crops have been good and abundant. As to the potatoes, I attribute the plentiful yield to supply the champion seed, which importance was much needed. The old seed being, I may say, exhausted or unproductive. Hay and oats are also very good, owing to the good weather of the growing season, which may be put down as the cause of all the other crops being so good.

**DONEGAL COUNTY.** *Ardrum D.*—The good yield of the several crops, that is, oats, hay, and potatoes, in the different electoral divisions in my district, is owing to the very favourable weather of the year generally, and especially the harvest. *Ballybofey D.*—The crops generally in this district have been good this season—indeed over an average, in a great measure attributable to the favourable autumn. Potatoes and oats to the very large supply received of new seed last spring—in the former chiefly "Champion," but I regret to find that a portion (not to any great extent) are now exhibiting symptoms of disease, of which there was no appearance last year. *Buncrana D.*—The yield in the crops generally is above the average, this is attributed to the favourable weather. *Carndonagh D.*—The potato crop is considered better this year than last. It would appear that owing to the nature of the soil a rainy season is favourable to that crop, but injurious to oats, hence the result of a good potato crop, and a falling off in that of oats as compared with last year's. Other crops fairly average. *Dungiven D.*—The good harvest is entirely owing to the grand harvest weather we had during the

FRANCIS D. BURNS.

entire of October. *Banbury D.*—I am of opinion, irrespective of effect of variations of the climate which is evident, much depends on the quality of seed and preparation of the soil for its introduction. In localities where spuds husbandry is still in no the wet season has a telling effect, as the land is not ploughed in the proper season, but the seed planted in the cold new-prepared soil. There is a lack of industry also, observable among the small landholders latterly, and I have observed that a certain class of cobs which choke the crop is not attended to. In mountainous districts and retired parts of the country where agriculture is still in its infancy, I have observed the one crop and the same seed repeatedly introduced, even without any change in the season. This must not only be injurious to the soil, but destructive to the seed, and a good crop could not reasonably be expected. In these localities, moreover, I observe that through pure indifference, water is allowed to lie on the soil during the winter season—by the ditches being broken down, and the absence of a passage for it to run off. No proper steps are taken for the accumulation and preservation of manure, so that much depends on the system of husbandry, and the quality of the soil—the rest, of course, on the weather. *Zettersham D.*—The oat crop this year is not nearly up to the average—attributable to the wet and the frost in the spring. The potato crop is most abundant and good, being greatly superior to the yield and quality of other years. Other crops average and fair. *Rugles D.*—The crops in this district were generally good which, in my opinion, was caused in a great measure by the good season, and also on account of an improved state of agriculture. *Ridgeway D.*—As regards oats and barley the yield is fair; yet, in consequence of the cold spring, the seed for sowing thus appeared to have failed in the ground. The grain is said to be light in head in consequence, and the quantity of meal producing corn less. As regards potatoes, the yield is far superior to any in recent years. This is attributed to the more general impregnation of seed from a distance, especially Chipping, and also to the dry autumn which kept the potatoes from rotting in the ground. Owing to other descriptions not carried on to any great extent in this district, and the yield is considered an average.

**DOWS COUNTY.** *Bromley D.*—The yield of the various crops in this district has been somewhat above the average, owing to the excellent season in which the farmers attend to them, and the fairly favourable weather there has been. *Buntingford D.*—The potato crop is considered very good this year, which is attributed to an improved description of seed, and a favourable season. The grain crop is much the same as last year. Turnips are in some instances a failure, and this is attributed to unfavourable weather and bad seed. The hay crop is considered very good owing to the favourable weather of the winter. *Festivals D.*—I attribute the good yield to the good cultivation of the ground by the farmers. The harvest turned out wet and late, which prevented the oats, &c., being as abundant as it would otherwise have been. *Rathfield D.*—The good yield of potatoes may, I think, be attributed to the new kinds of seeds sown, also to the care taken in planting them. The decrease in the yield of turnips may be accounted for by a general failure in the crop, and that the greater part had to be sown over again; complaints also that they are stinked, those when just coming into leaf are very general. The yield of oats is hardly as good as in former years, but this is attributable to the excessive rainfall. Very little change is perceptible in the flax and hay crops from former years. Very little wheat and no beans have been sown in this district.

**FERMAGE COUNTY.** *Berriew D.*—I have made inquiries from practical farmers and they inform me the yield of all kinds of crop, except potatoes, is about an average, but that of potatoes is far beyond

an average, and this they attribute to the superiority of the seed over that of other years. The potato chiefly cultivated was the "Champion." *Senikill D.*—The harvest here was generally very good, and in some parts a very large crop of potatoes, which are free from blight. The weather was very favourable to most crops here. *West D.*—The good yield of the potatoes is attributable to the favourable season and the rather late appearance of the usual blight. *Llanbedr D.*—Throughout this district the crops are generally above an average. This is attributed to the almost universal introduction of the chipping potato, as far as this vegetable is concerned, and to the comparatively dry season so far as other crops show an increased yield.

**LLONNERTHIN COUNTY.** *Caermarthen D.*—The crops in this district with few exceptions are above the average of the produce of the last few years. Potatoes especially are superior in yield and quality owing to the introduction of new seed (Champions), and the entire absence of disease. Oats suffered considerably from the continued wet season, but on the whole was a fair average crop; very little wheat was sown in this district. The flax crop was under the average owing to the cold wet season. Turnips generally were considerably under former years on account of frost killing the young plants when coming up, and the continued wet weather. The above are the principal crops grown in this district. *Llanmadoc D.*—The crops of this year, so far as this district is concerned, were of the average yield. *Llandovery City D.*—The yield of the various crops in this district is generally very good, except turnips, which is a delicate crop, owing, as the farmers generally believe, in a great measure to bad seed. In several instances the seed had to be sown twice and even three times. *Magor D.*—The yield of grain crops would have been remarkably good but was restrained to a great extent by the excessive rain of the last two or three months, which was productive of great damage to corn, sugar-cane, standing in stocks, which could not be brought in. The yield of potatoes is the best that has been known for seven years.

**MONAGHAN COUNTY.** *Carrickfergus D.*—The good yield in the potato crop this year is undoubtedly due to the introduction of the "Champion," which even with the usual rough-and-ready cultivation in the poorer districts, has produced an abundant return. Were it not for this excellent potato, many of the poorer classes, who have only a few acres to depend on, would now be in a state bordering on starvation, as the "White Blush," which was hitherto grown for the general crop, has, in the few places it was cultivated, suffered terribly from the disease. It is, however, established, that the Champion is not proof against the blight, for such things as rotten Champion can be seen; but it must be acknowledged that it is almost the soundest potato, on the whole, that has yet been introduced. Perhaps it is not fair to the "Sinn Blush" to give the Champion any credit over it on the score of soundness, and many prefer the flavour of the latter to that of the Champion. The Champion, however, does not require so much attention or manuring. It does better amongst the weeds, which it cannot be denied are still the companions of the poor man's crop. Little attention is paid to the pulling and cutting of weeds before sowing that, which, if done, and the weeds added to the manure heap, would considerably increase the vegetable flour which they were taken, and inaugurate the sowing of still another crop—a summer crop. Here I may observe on the low the fox grower sustains by neglecting to collect the water from the fox pits, which might be immediately utilized with innumerable advantage, and in the easiest possible way, by spilling it over the land. In this way millions of gallons of the most valuable liquid manure are not only lost, but allowed to escape from the fox pits into rivers and lakes, sometimes to the direct damage of the owner in

the shape of fines for the infraction of the law, but always to the certain injury of our horses and the destruction of our fish. *Cloone D.*—The only crop in which there has been a marked change is the potato crop, and the remarkable yield in this case is altogether owing to the land having been better manured, and new seed imported. *Messingham D.*—The good yield of the various crops was attributable to the favourable season; and to this circumstance, together with the new seed, the abundant potato crop is attributable.

**TYRONE COUNTY.** *Armagh D.*—The crops generally through this district, particularly the oats, are exceptionally good; contrary, I may say, to expectation, as the continued wet weather made people fear that the crops would be spoiled. The oats are rather soft, but large and full of grain. The potato crop is also very good and plentiful. *Castlereagh D.*—The excellent yield of the various crops in the electoral divisions embraced in this district is in a great measure due to the favourable character of this year's season, and also to the importation of new seed. Wherever

the yield was bad or indifferent it was entirely owing to the poor and sterile nature of the soil. *Dungannon D.*—The general yield was good, owing to the season, except in the electoral divisions of Carrickmore and Pomeroy, the land not being as good as the other electoral divisions; but on the whole there is a plentiful crop in my district. *Sentnorahaward D.*—The crops in general are very good this year. The potatoes are turning out very well; in some places they are slightly diseased, but on the whole they will be a plentiful crop. The oats are yielding better than last year; the grain is much better. The turnip crop is very good in places, and in others a failure is consequence of the wet. Hay is an average crop. Flax has been a very fair crop, but paying badly. *Omagh D.*—I consider the good yield of all crops in general this year is due to an exceptionally fine season. *Strabane D.*—The crops in this district have been about the same as usual. The only exception is the potato crop, which has been unusually good. This is owing to the introduction of new kinds of seed.

#### PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT.

**GALWAY COUNTY.** *Athlone D.*—There is an increase in the potato crop in the several electoral divisions of this district, which is attributable to the new and better quality of the seed ("Champions"). The increase in hay and corn crops is due to the favourable season. There is no perceptible difference in the turnip crop. *Ballymote D.*—The rates of produce are generally above the average in this district; more particularly as regards oats and potatoes, of which the yield has been remarkably good. This is in a great measure to be attributed to change of seed. The Champion potato has been extensively produced with excellent results, and the entire crop is singularly free from disease. The wheat crop has yielded fairly. *Clonbur D.*—The several crops in this district are of a fair average, considering the lightness of the soil in many places; the season on the whole being favourable. Potatoes of the "Champion" species are an exceedingly good crop, which I think is owing to the fitness of the land for such. *Dunmore D.*—The fine crop of potatoes is, so far as I can learn, owing to the change of seed. The "Champions" did splendidly, and produced a large and sound crop beyond the average. Oats, barley, and rye, were also good crops, and I believe this was owing to the rainfall and favourable season. Meadows only middling, on account of the excessive heat and drought in the month of May. Turnips, a fair crop, but suffered much from the "fly" early in the season. On the whole, the crops this year have been remarkably good, and farmers have no reason to complain. *Gort D.*—The general average return of crops in this district is considered good this year, owing to a favourable season. The potato crop is much improved, owing to the recent general change of seed. *Gort D.*—The good yield of the potato crop is due to the fact that last year all the farmers provided themselves with new seed, the "Champion," and also, the weather was very favourable for the crop. The turnip crop yielded almost double that of former years, owing to good and favourable weather in the months of June and July; and also, the farmers broke up a quantity of pasture land which proved well suited for the crop. *Hanford D.*—There has been a good yield of the various crops, particularly of potatoes, the introduction of the "Champions" having been a great success. The good return of the other crops may be attributed to the favourable season. *Loughrea D.*—The good yield of crops generally (turnips excepted) this year is attributed to the introduction of new seed, and the goodness of the season. As regards turnips, the bad yield is attributed to the lateness of the sowing, and the wetness of the season. *Mayo D.*—The good yield of the various crops this year is attributable to the exceptionally favourable

season which we have had, as also, in the case of the potato crop, to the introduction of the "Champion" seed pretty extensively into this county. *Oughterard D.*—This district is not generally suited for tillage purposes. Last season was very fine, and such crops as were sown did well, potatoes remarkably so. There was an abundant crop; they are good for food and very cheap. *Roscommon D.*—The bad yield of the crops this year is to be attributed—firstly, to the land, which is for the most part moor or partially reclaimed bog, very wet, and poorly cultivated, both as regards drainage and manure, animal being the only manure used year after year, and no change of crops made at any time; and secondly, to very wet harvest in Connemara. The months of April, May, and June were dry and warm; the following months were very wet when the crops were beginning to ripen, and caused the blight to set in unusually early in the potato crop, which is generally small and wet. To the same cause may be attributed the bad yield of oats. *Spiddal D.*—The potato crop has been unusually good throughout my district this year. I attribute this entirely to the change which has been made in the seed, the "Champion" potato having been almost everywhere substituted for the old kind. The summer has been very wet here, but the "Champions" notwithstanding have kept wonderfully free from disease. I am informed that there has been about an average yield as other crops. The grain crops must have failed but for the fine weather we had in early autumn. *Tuam D.*—The yield of potato this year is far above the average of other years, and is chiefly attributable to the introduction of new seed. All other crops are above the average, which an unusually fine season may account for. *Wesford D.*—The yield in every crop this season is above the average in quantity, and in most cases in quality also. In potatoes the yield in every variety has been very good. The "Ghastions" are large, but in some cases hollow in the centre (due most probably to poverty of soil and damp in autumn months). In all other cases excellent crops as to quantity and quality are the results of favourable weather and good seed.

**LEINSTER COUNTY.** *Carroll-on-Sligmoor D.*—I consider the good yield of grass crops in most places is due to the continued mildness of the weather, which, on the other hand, was injurious to grain crops, whilst it benefited meadows, particularly such as were cut late. *Dromahair D.*—There has been a good yield generally of the various crops in this district, which may be attributed to the good seeds sown, and the past favourable seasons for agriculture. *Manorhamilton D.*—I consider the increased yield of potatoes is

PROVINCE OF  
CANADA.

due to the large importation of "Champion" and other choice seeds. *Mobil D.*—I have to state that generally the yield of potatoes has been good, which seems to be owing to the good weather, and also the new seed so abundantly introduced. When the yield has been bad it is generally owing to careless farming of this and of the other crops, in many cases the land being poor and badly manured, but the primary cause of all bad yield is negligent agriculture. The average of nearly all crops this year is good compared with last year.

**MATOU COUNTY.** *Bellegaudien D.*—The only crops to any extent cultivated in this district are oats and potatoes, and, as a general rule, the average yield per acre of these crops was much greater this year than during the past two years, and this increase is mainly, if not altogether, attributable to the farmers having made use, to a large extent, of new seed, principally "Champion" seed potato, and Scotch seed oats; and to the fact that the summer and autumn of 1880 were much more favourable for agricultural work and practice, than were those of 1879-1880. *Balaine D.*—I have to state that the generally good yield of the various crops may be attributed to the favourable weather which prevailed in the spring, and, to a certain extent, in the summer and harvest. In the case of potatoes, the Champion seed was very generally used, which accounts for the crop being unusually good. In the case of hay and oats, the crops, though good, have not given so large a return as was expected, owing to the want of rains to ripen them, and fare weather to save them. Many persons allowed these crops to lie too long, in the hope of the weather becoming more settled, in which hope they were, in many instances, disappointed. *Bellisle D.*—The wheat crop was less than average, as is believed, from the seed being sown year after year in some grounds, without introduction of new seed. The oat crop was good, as is believed, from the introduction of new seed. The barley crop was good, as is believed, from the season being favourable to its growth. The potato crop was good, on account of the introduction of new seed (the Champion being principally sown), and grasses were being given to the cultivation of this crop. The turnip crop is less than the average, resulting from dry weather in the early part of its growth. The same as regards the mangold crop. The season was favourable to the growth of hay. *Belleauville D.*—This year the harvest has been exceptionally good in the district, partly owing to the mildness of the weather, but principally caused by the fact of good seed oats and potatoes having been served out to the people. *Conder D.*—The large yield in the potato crop is chiefly owing to the "Champion" which was almost universally planted. The favourable seed and harvest have been contributed in all kinds of crops to give the more than usual average. *Claremore D.*—The oats and potato crops have yielded remarkably well this year, the change of seed being considered the chief cause. The Champion potato proving a complete success, and is at present a general favourite with the peasants. Hay and cabbages are not quite so good. The hay is considered a light crop, owing to the coldness of the summer months; and the cabbage crop was almost a failure, owing to the severe frosts of last winter killing almost all the cabbage plants. *Cressonville D.*—The oat crop is not good. Owing to the high wind and heavy rain in the latter part of the season, the crop did not ripen evenly, nor till so heavily in the ear. The potato crop is a splendid one, which is chiefly owing to the new Champion seed being principally used; that the season has been providentially favourable to their growth, and that the land has been better cultivated and manured. The turnip and cabbage crops are good, owing to the favourable season for their growth up to the present. *Nesport D.*—The only crops grown to any extent in this district are oats and

potatoes. The former in track about the same as last year was a good crop. The latter is a better yield than last year, owing to a greater quantity of the "Champion" description having been sown. *Savineau D.*—Owing to the favourable season and the new seeds purchased by the Union and several of the landholders, and sold to the tenants, the yield of the various crops in this district has been good. The potato crop very good. *Westport D.*—There must be a remarkable increase in the potato crop. The cause is principally due to the class of seed called "Champion," which was as generally used, having been on the market year, as a good, distributed to the small farmers by Boards of Guardians, &c. Every other species of potato, I believe, are less productive than on former years, because of the annual blight. The improvement in the grain crop is owing to the good weather of the season.

**Roscommon COUNTY.** *Athlone D.*—I am unable to assign any reason for the crops being generally better this season than for some years past. *Dingle D.*—I consider the good yield of the crops to be due to the fair weather at the time of sowing and harvest, and also to the seed used (saved in many cases by the peasants) being of a superior quality and different description to that generally in use previously. *Gortin D.*—The potato crop this year far exceeds any crop of the sort for the last thirty years. The causes assigned are—first, the Champion seed; second, the favourable spring for setting; third, the blight only appearing late and only slight, on account, it is believed, of the dry summer. I may also state, that the old seed potato (White Rock) planted this year are an exceedingly good crop. Some people say they are fully as good as the Champion, but are more subject to the blight or potato disease, on account of the stalks being more tender than the Champion. The oat crop this year is very good; the yield in grain double as good as last year, caused by the good ripening season. Turnip crop not as good as last year, still a medium crop; the month of May, the time of sowing the seed, being very late, is the cause of the deficiency in this crop. *Rossmore D.*—The cause of the great increase in the potato crop this year is attributed to the fact that it had come to almost full growth before the "blight" set in. The consequence is that the ground is full of all kinds. So plentiful is this crop that "Champion" can be purchased at 2s. per bush, in the market here. The richness of the soil had a good effect in producing a fair yield in all kinds of crops this year. *Streabane D.*—I believe that the very good yield of oats and potatoes this year is owing to the favourable state of the weather during the planting and early part of the growing season; and had it not been for the sharp frosts in the middle of June, I am of opinion that the yield of potatoes in the bog lands would have been much larger.

**Sligo COUNTY.** *Ballygally D.*—I am of opinion the good yield of the various crops this year may be attributed to the exceptionally fine weather during harvest time, which enabled the farmers to save their crops without damage, and at the proper time. The season, too, all through was favourable for the growth and ripening of the grain. *Bally D.*—The oats and barley have not given as good a yield as expected. It is believed this is to be attributed to the wet weather in July and the continued coldness of the season; some of the oats having opened very late. On the whole the grain crop is a fair average as former years, and where there is a decrease it is in wet localities. Cabbages is a poor crop, in consequence of there being no good plants to be had in the early season. The hay is a fair crop, and well sown. Turnips and mangolds are only middling, the turnips having in many cases to be sown twice, owing to frost and the cold season. The potato has given a good yield, owing to the introduction of new seed, and the

additional care the farmers are taking to plant them in fresh ground. *Situation B.*—The crop of potatoes yielded this year is very good, owing to the greater portion being what is called "Champion" seed; and though the season had been rather unfavourable for crops generally, by reason of frequent falls of rain, yet the farmers have had no reason to complain. Cuts have been also good; hay likewise. When the potato stalks had been a good deal over ground those in bog ground were almost cut away by frost, but in most cases, particularly when the seed was "Champion," they recovered their strength, and had a fair produce.

*Situation D.*—The crops generally in this district are very good, especially the potatoes. The superiority of the latter is to be attributed to the importation in recent years of fresh seed. The seedling season was favourable, and though, generally speaking, the summer was wet, there was a continuance of drying winds which evaporated the moisture. *Situation D.*—The cause of the improvement in the potato crop is attributable to the introduction of the new seed, "Champion," into this district. Generally speaking, there is not much improvement in any of the other crops.

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